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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MAY 22, 1866.

We bespeak attention to the card in our advertising columns headed "Kramer & Rahm's Banking House." It gives us unfeigned satisfaction to know that immediately after the heavy losses of the Philadelphia house, with which this firm was connected, the friends of Kramer & Rahm came promptly to their rescue, and advanced them an amount of capital abundantly adequate to their necessities. In this satifaction we are confident this whole business community will participate.

The testimonial of the depositors, which we publish, full and complete, as to the honorableness of the house, is not needed here. Of the integrity and probity of each member of the firm, no doubt or suspicion has ever been felt. Of the senior partner, Allen Kramer, Esq., we have been contemporary for forty years, and can truly say that his life has been one of great moral excellence. To no other man can so many persons, now prosperous, ascribe their success. No one has surpassed him in the noble *habit* of aiding others. No philanthropist among us has been more frequent or more munificent in his benefactions. We express the common sentiment of this city when we declare our deep gratification at this new arrangement in the interest of *all* the members of the late firm.

AN ENGLISH NABOB.

A late London letter contains the following about Earl Grosvenor, an English nabob, and at present a prominent character in Parliament:

He is a very "mild" young gentleman, with just about brains enough to put up his umbrella when it rains. But what he lacks in brains he makes up in cash. He is the heir to the great estate of the Marquis of Westminster—an estate from which the annual income is one million and a half of dollars. Every day that passes over this man's father, whether he lies in bed or gets up, brings to him its regular return of over $4,000. The way the family acquired this fabulous wealth was as follows:

The grandfather of the present marquis was a "poor lord," owning a quantity of low marshy land in Westminster With the growth of London, that land, hitherto unproductive, began to assume an immense value; when a master builder, named Cubitt, who had worked his way up from poverty, leased the land, turned it into city lots, built that magnificent portion of London known as Pimlico and Belgravia, acquired a vast fortune for himself, and loaded down the marquis with wealth. In a few years, at the expiration of Cubitt's lease, all these magnificent houses, a city of palaces, will become the property of the marquis; and the present enormous wealth of the Grosvenor family will be increased more than six-fold. Yet this Earl Grosvenor, the heir to all this property, begrudges the poor working men, whose toil has built up such a colossal pile of opulence, the mere right of voting for those who are to make the laws of the land.

Well; his lordship is like many a Southern nabob, who acquired large wealth through the unpaid toil of black men, and now is unwilling they should enjoy any of the rights of citizenship.

The Mobile (Ala.) *Nationalist* gives the following resume of the composition of the Union party of the country:

The Union Party.—The personnel of the Republican party is remarkable. In the North, it comprises within its ranks nineteen-twentieths of the members of all Protestant churches, excepting the Episcopalians—and a large majority of the members of that denomination; almost the entire membership of all moral or benevolent associations; four-fifths of the literati, professional men, teachers, etc.; three-fourths of the returned soldiers; a large proportion of the prominent business men—especially miners, manufacturers and bankers, and certainly a decided majority of the farming population. Ever since its formation this party has been growing with amazing rapidity, and its accessions have been principally from the above classes, which do not change easily—until now it controls every Northern State including Missouri.

And this is the party that democratic newspapers sneer at as radical, fanatical, incendiary. If there ever was, in the history of the world, a party that combined in larger degree, all the best elements of a nation, no record of its existence has come down to these times. The Union party appropriating so largely the best elements of the nation, what is left for the party opposed to it?

A number of persons have recently returned to the national treasury sums of money which had been dishonestly obtained. Each of these sums is of small amount. Is it, therefore, to be understood that no large sums have been fraudulently taken from the government? or, that consciences are so constructed that the committing of great wrongs does not disquiet them?

The Johnson papers profess great elation over the success of their demonstration at Philadelphia last Saturday night. It ought not to be difficult for them to raise a crowd so long as they have all the Democrats to help them. The marvel is, they do not suspect their own fidelity to loyal principles when they see what company they are in.

The last European advices show that the French people put as little dependence on the formal assurances of their Emperor as intelligent observers elsewhere do. A feeling of uncertainty and disquietude pervades all classes of French society in view of what may come of existing international controversies.

John W. Comly, editor of the *Ohio State Journal*, telegraphs to Col. Forney, "there are not seventeen men in Ohio anywhere, outside of a Federal office-holder's prayer meeting, or a Copperhead Convention, out of whom twelve men in favor of the President's policy could be picked."

A tin box, specially adapted to hold national bonds, imparted a sinister aspect to the recent attempt to elect an United States Senator in New Jersey. That devise seems to be on its travels; to have reached Connecticut, and to be preparing to visit New Hampshire and Vermont.

Mr. Fessenden did not call up in the Senate, yesterday, the Reconstruction Report. He gave as a reason the condition of his health. He stated he would call it up to-morrow, whether he was able or not to lead the debate.

The Republican journals of Illinois charge that the President employs in that State a large band of Copperhead informers to report who among the federal office-holders do not support his Policy.

The Bedford *Inquirer* thinks the existence of oil in that county, in paying quantities, has been fully tested by experiment.

We judge from the testimony of the newspapers that in Indiana the grain crop is not promising, but in Illinois, good.

CITY ITEMS.

Humphrey's Homeopathic

Medicines for sale at Fulton's Drug store, No 108 Smithfield street.

Silk and Dress Goods.

The most beautiful of the season, just opened, by Barker & Co., 59 Market street.

Appreciated.

The Boots, Shoes and Gaiters sold at South & Ross', 63 Market street.

They Go Away Rejoicing.

Persons who buy their Boots and Shoes at South & Ross', 63 Market street.

Only $2.00.

Those fine high cut Gaiters for ladies, at South & Ross', 63 Market street.

To Country Merchants

Buying dry goods. We are offering unusual inducements. Barker & Co., 59 Market street.

Highly Delighted.

Customers who buy their Boots, Shoes and Gaiters at South & Ross', 63 Market street.

Shepherd's Plaid

At all prices. New goods opening on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

Black Silks.

A splendid assorsment, just opened on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Bell's Pure Old Rye Whisky.

A supero article, strictly pure, and sold for less money than at any other place in the city at Fleming's Drug store, No. 84 Market street.

Dress Goods.

A Splendid assortment just opened, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love &Co.

At Twenty Cents.

Yard wide, shirting muslin, just reduced from twenty-five cents, and at twenty-five cents for extra quality do, at Barker & Co's, 59 Market street.

Out of Season.

One case of Blankets opened to-day, and will be sold at about half last season's prices, on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

26 Beautiful Building Lots

On the height adjoining the head of Federal street, Alleghenv, will be sold by A. Leggate, Auctioneer, on Thursday afternoon at two o'clock. See Auction Sales' column, on the third page.

Women's Gaiters, Women's Gaiters,
Women's Gaiters, Women's Gaiters,
Women's Gaiters, Women's Gaiters,
Men's Calf Boots, Men's Calf Boots,
Men's Calf Boots, Men's Calf Boots,
Men's Calf Boots, Men's Calf Boots,

At astonishing prices at the great Bazaar, for the sale of Boots and Shoes, Concert Hall shoe store, No. 60 Fifth street.

Iron—Phosphorus—Calisaya—

The Three best known tonics, skillfully and elegantly combined in an amber-colored cordial, beautifully transparent to the eye, pleasant to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, in Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark.

Each pint contains one ounce of Royal Calisaya Bark, and each teaspoonful contains one grain of iron. Samples furnished free to the profession. Caswell, Mack & Co.,
Sole Manufacturers, N. Y.

For sale at wholesale in Pittsburgh by R. E Sellers & Co. At retail by all Druggists.

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Boots and Shoes.

Notice—It is an incontrovertible fact, well acknowledged and standing forth without fear of contradiction, that the greatest bargains to be found in this city, in Boots and Shoes, is at Gardiner's Opera House Shoe Store, No. 60 Fifth street.

Why! Because they sell the best goods in the world, having them made to order in Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and New York, expressly for retail trade, and every pair is warranted, riveted in the shank free, and if they ever rip, or in any way come apart, or prove unsatisfactory, are repaired for nothing, an allowance made, or a new pair furnished; and with all these peculiar advantages, this unequalled store, these superior attractions and reasons for purchasing at this justly celebrated house, we offer one more as a final clinching argument. We sell this extra quality of goods for less money than you can buy rubbish for in other places.

Right-hand side going up Fifth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, under the Opera House.

Opera Hall and Opera House Shoe Store is painted on the window.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Read the following letter from E. Bourne, a well known citizen of Pittsburgh, Pa.:

Pittsburgh, May 10th, 1866.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith—Gentlemen: During a visit in the west last fall, I contracted chills and fever which brought me to my bed and finally terminated in typhoid fever, and confined me to my room for several months, during which time I was physically so prostrated that I almost despaired of ever recovering my health; having entirely lost my appetite for drys, not being able to eat a morsel, added to which I was much distressed with a reeling sensation in the head, and passed many sleepless nights—all from debility caused by my prostrate condition, brought about by the fever. At this stage of my condition a friend recommended me to use your celebrated stomach Bitters, but being morally opposed to the use of stimulants in any form, I at first declined, but afterwards yielded to his prejudices and, after taking the medicine for several weeks, as directed, my appetite returned and with it I am rapidly regaining my former strength and vigor. My sleep, (from the loss of which I had suffered much,) has never been better than it is now, and the reeling sensation before alluded to, I feel myself left me. My bowels, which were much constipated and irregular, are now quite natural, and in fact I am glad to say that I feel myself a new man, and tender you this testimonial of my appreciation of your valuable preparation, in order that others suffering as I have may avail themselves of its virtues, which prejudice prevented me from enjoying for so long a period. I may also add that my physician, after seeing the beneficial effect your Bitters had on me, recommended that I use them regularly. Yours, very respectfully,
E. Bourne,
No. 45 Market street.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Flooding of Red River Country—Chief of Police Suspended—Gov. Sharkey Expressing Confidence in the President—Pro-Secession Assembly.

New Orleans, La., May 21.—All the Red River country is flooded, and Jefferson (Texas) by crevasses on the Lafourche.

Thomas J. Adams, Chief of Police, was suspended for fifteen days for refusing to arrest a peaceful citizen carrying arms during the disorganization of the police.

Gov. Sharkey, of Mississippi, is here direct from Washington, and expresses confidence in the President.

The Old School Presbyterian Assembly met to-day. The memorial of the Convention called by Dr. Breckenridge, which held a session here last week, was presented and referred to the Committee on Bills and Ovations.

The memorial reviews the relations between the Presbyterian Church and the Confederate General Assembly; asks the Assembly to trial; that this body is entirely illegitimate to receive all loyal churches in the South, and regards the Southern States simply as a field for missionary labor. A memorial was received from the excluded Commissioners of the Louisville Presbytery, protesting against the action of the Assembly in their case. Dr. Vandyke, of Brooklyn, also offered a memorial to the effect that the deliverances of the Assembly concerning the loyalty, now having been sent to the Presbytery and adopted by them, are not binding upon the churches.

Dr. Boardman, of Philadelphia, consumed the remainder of the day in a speech, mainly in reply to the address of Dr. Thomas, of Ohio, delivered on Saturday, taking strong grounds against the action of the assembly in regard to the Louisville Presbytery, calling it unlawful, uncharitable, and jeopardizing the best interests of the church and the cause of civil liberty. Hon. Samuel Galloway, of Ohio, will reply to-morrow.

The following committee was appointed to investigate the Louisville Presbytery: Drs. McLean, Thomas, Hines, Waller; Elders Galloway, Clark, Davidson.

The New School Assembly is progressing rapidly in the transaction of its business, but not nothing of special or general importance is before it.

Cotton for Europe—Treasure per Arizona.

New York, May 21.—Savannah papers report the sailing of the ships Endyman with 3,838 bales and the New England with 3,215 bales of cotton for Liverpool.

Among the treasure per the Arizona is half a million on Government account and not before reported.

Death of Canadian Official.

Ottawa, May 21.—John Galt, brother of Hon. A. S. Galt, Finance Minister, dropped dead of apoplexy while visiting the Parliament buildings to-day.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Heavy Bank Failures.

FINANCIAL PANIC IN ENGLAND.

Suspension of Bank Charter Act.

CONTINUED PREVALENCE OF CHOLERA AMONG SHIP PASSENGERS.

Prussia Massing Troops on the Frontier.

AUSTRIA PANTING FOR THE STRUGGLE

Rumors of French and English Mediation.

WAR REGARDED AS INEVITABLE.

Halifax, May 21.—The steamship Cuba, from Liverpool on the 12th, via Queenstown on the 13th inst., has arrived.

The Continental news continues warlike, but a Berlin dispatch to-day says hopes are still entertained in some quarters for the maintenance of peace, probably on the ground that Austria will make some concessions. It is believed that no treaty has yet been concluded between Prussia and Italy.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Telegraph* believes, on good authority, that there is a chance for peace, if England and Russia will join France in a Congress.

Liverpool, May 13.—German politics are unchanged.

The last raised Mexican volunteers will enter the Austrian army.

The steamer L'Imperatrice Eugenie, from Mexico, has arrived at Nassau with troops and nine million francs, three million for the French treasury.

The Paris Bourse was very irregular, but closed firm. Rentes, 64¼.

Great Britain—The financial panic culminated late on Thursday afternoon, the 10th, in the suspension of Overend, Gurney & Co. Their business was converted in August last into a limited liability company, with a nominal capital of five millions sterling, of which a million and a half was paid. The liabilities are stated at ten to twelve million pounds sterling. The breakdown is attributed to heavy speculative sales of shares and bonds taken down from a premium to a discount. Depositors then began to get alarmed, and the draw on the 10th was very severe.

Application for assistance was made at the Bank of England, but the governors decline to grant any on the ground that it would be cash in the hands of the present to assist one establishment unless they were prepared to help the other applications as well. It was too late to make a call on the shareholders or take any other step, as the doors of the establishment were consequently closed. The following morning, Friday the 11th, intense excitement prevailed in the financial circles of London, Liverpool and other centres, and business was almost suspended.

The *Times*, of the 17th, in its city article, says that the Bank of England yesterday raised the rate of discount from eight to nine per cent., and the charge for special advances to ten. The pressure even at these terms was enormous, and it was only on the most undeniable bills that accommodation could be obtained. Meanwhile additional and most serious disasters were hourly announced. The first was comparatively small, the Imperial Joint Stock, for £80,000; then came that of Peto & Betts for £4,000,000; then that of W. Sheppington, railway contractor, for £800,000, and finally, it was understood that the Imperial Mercantile Credit Association, whose paid up capital is half a million sterling, and the Consolidated Bank Company, with a paid up capital of a quarter of a million sterling, must under extremely heavy commitments pass into liquidation. During the day the most intense anxiety was manifested to ascertain if any steps had been taken by leading merchants and bankers to support the Government the extent of the crisis, and the false notification in the Stock Exchange, to the effect that an extra issue of bank notes to the extent of ten millions had been authorized, effect that an extra issue of bank notes to the caused at one time a general rebound in prices.

Later in the evening, it transpired that the Government had resolved to suspend the bank charter act. The assets of Betts & Peto, even under the most depressed circumstances, are estimated at five millions sterling, and it is confidently asserted that at a short time propositions for the adjustment of all claims can be submitted. Every one will hope that this may be true, as both Morton Peto and his partner rank prominently among those who have carried the fame of English enterprise to all parts of the globe, while they have commanded the highest personal regard in all sections among their countrymen.

It is already known that several failures among dealers will be announced in connection with the half monthly settlement on the Stock Exchange. A large number of country bankers were in London during the week. The London agents to provide against all danger from local runs. Rumors were circulated in the course of the day of a severe run on the bank of Darby, Bevan & Co., but on Co, but on they were entirely without foundation. There was a run on two or three other banks, but being well met, soon ceased. Public confidence and in the country preparations were very generally made for such contingencies.

In the Liverpool cotton market there was an increased panic at the commencement on Friday, but less unsteadiness at the close.

At Manchester there was a complete pause. At Glasgow the iron brokers resolved to suspend business until Monday.

In the produce markets at London prices were almost wholly nominal.

Taking into account the depreciation that has simultaneously occurred in English funds, railway and foreign securities, &c., the diminution in the market value of this property since the beginning of the year may be considered to reach £130,000,000, to say nothing of losses on cotton, cotton goods, iron and other articles.

The *Times*, in an editorial, says if anything can justify the suspension of the bank charter act, the panic which swayed the city to and fro on Friday may excuse the step, although we believe the reign of terror was approaching its end, and would have speedily ceased, had no infraction of the bank law been permitted. Even now it is probable the license allowed to banks will not be used. It cannot, however, be denied that about midday yesterday the tumult became a rout. The doors of the most respectable banking houses were besieged, more, perhaps, by a timid apprehension that the spring which makes and keeps a mob together than by creditors of the banks, and throngs tearing and tumbling about London streets made that narrow thoroughfare impassable. Such excitement on all sides has not been witnessed since the great crisis of 1825. Each man exaggerated the suspicions of his neighbor, and until a report, at that time unfounded, was circulated in the afternoon that the Government had authorized Bank Directors to issue five millions additional notes, it seemed as if fear and distrust of the commercial world has suddenly become boundless. The statement was baseless at the time, but it served to allay the panic, which had no solid foundation. Even the announcement of Peto's suspension did not revive the panic in the least interfering with the business of other stoppages produced little effect. The *Times* adds, we need to be persuaded that had Government stood firm, the panic would have subsided before it, and if, as we are sure of it, confidence will be speedily restored, we shall attribute it to natural causes rather than to the interference of the Executive Government.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer and prompt action of the Government, and says: During Friday the bank had extended its losses and discounts in the most pressing terms. It had added four millions sterling. The effect was to reduce the bank reserves by nearly three millions. This dimunition and prevailing distrust justified the Government's intervention. The action of the Government was answered in the House of Commons on Friday, at midnight by Mr. Gladstone, who had been engaged in a convention with bankers and others, who represented to him that the panic in the city was without a parallel in the financial history of the country.

Mr. Gladstone said he had addressed a letter to the Bank of England to the effect that if they should find occasion to afford relief to the wants of the commercial community, and make such advances as would require the issue of notes beyond the amount allowed by act, Government would recommend an indemnity to rate in doing so, and undertook, in the event of that contingency, to make immediate application to Parliament for an act of indemnity.

Parliamentary proceedings are unimportant. The House of Commons debated with some warmth the question of the salaries of Irish Judges. Sir Robert Peel provoked some slight excitement. No action was taken.

The *Morning Herald* says: A very large meeting of Lord Derby's supporters was held on the 11th. It was resolved that no opposition should be offered to the second reading of the Reform Bill for the reasons therein stated, and that the bill be allowed to go into Committee.

The cholera continued to prevail among the passengers of the returned steamer Alvetia, and a few additional deaths, not confined to the Germans, are reported. The steamer remained in quarantine. A large number of the crew took forcible possession of the tender and deserted the vessel, but subsequently were prevailed upon to return.

Austria and Italy.—The question of war for the moment is overshadowed by the financial panic. There is no modification in the threatening aspect of affairs. The *Times*, in a summary view of affairs, on the 11th, says: The whole Prussian army and great bodies of troops are massed along the frontiers. Austria is bringing into the field every man she can raise, and is enough to say the whole nation is panting for war.

There were rumors of communications by France and England with Austria, with a view to avert an outbreak, but nothing authentic.

Latest.—Florence papers regard war as inevitable, and say by a modification of the Ministry about to take place, La Marmora will receive the military command.

It was stated that the King of Italy would leave Florence May 15th, for Piacenza.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies passed, by a vote of two hundred and three to forty-eight, a bill granting Government extraordinary powers to provide for the maintenance of public safety.

The exportation of horses is prohibited from Italy. Offices for the enrollment of volunteers have been opened in Florence and other cities. The Italian municipalities continued to vote rewards and pensions to soldiers who shall have distinguished themselves, and at Messina the sum of 30,000 francs was voted for the crew of the Italian man-of-war that shall take a distinguished part in the operations against Venice. The City of Venice is said to be closed to traffic from without.

The Italian and German journals had become more reserved in their accounts of events and military intelligence. A Royal decree was issued on the dissolving of the Chamber of Deputies. The measure was proposed to the King by the Ministers in order that a fresh election, without delay, might develope the real feeling of the Prussian people. It was thought this might delay the outbreak of a war.

The Provincial correspondence of Berlin, announcing the mobilization of the entire Prussian army, says: The nation may be assured that the Government is willing to maintain peace if it can be done with honor and due regard to the Prussian interests, but it has resolved that it must act in a forcible and decided manner to maintain their interests.

It is stated that Prussia, in reply to the Austrian dispatch of May 4th, relative to the Protectes, expressed a willingness to enter into fresh negotiations upon another basis, since that now proposed is not suitable as a starting point.

The Bavarian Government had ordered the immediate mobilization of the entire Bavarian army.

A number of reigning petty German sovereigns had been in conference in Wurtemberg, but the result was not stated.

Rumors were current at Vienna of Russian preparations for war. Orders had also been issued from Constantinople that the Turkish army be raised to its full strength, and calling out twelve thousand of the reserves.

Late dispatches from Vienna state that the aspect of affairs is regarded as threatening. Hopes of mediation and peace are being regarded as illusory.

Austria and America.—A Vienna telegram of the 9th says the departure of the Austrian volunteer corps for service in Mexico is reported to have been fixed for 10th of May.

From its rendezvous at Laibach. Immediately after the report became current, Mr. Motley, the American Minister, had an interview on the subject with Count Mansdorff.

A dispatch of the 11th says: In consequence of the protest of the American Minister, the united volunteers, who joined the corps destined for Mexico, have been sent home upon an unlimited furlough.

Liverpool, May 12.—The Cotton Brokers' Circular reports the sales for the week at 46,000 bales, of which 3,000 were to speculators, and forty-five to exporters. The market has been very dull, and prices declined ⅛d for American and ¼d for other descriptions. The following are the quotations: Fair Orleans, 12d; Middling do, 13¾d; Fair Mobile, 13d; Middling do, 13d; Fair Uplands, 14½d; Middling do, 12¾d; Fair Pernams, 15½d; Middling do, 15d. Five thousand bales of the market closing dull and declining owing to the financial panic failure of Overend, Gurney & Co., and the further advance of the bank rate to ten per cent. The sales to-day are estimated at 7,000 bales, of which 3,000 bales are American.

Manchester market unsettled. Breadstuffs have an declining tendency, but closed quiet. Richardson, Spence & Co., and others report flour quiet and firm at an advance of 6d@1s per sack, on the week. Wheat firm at an advance of 3d; Winter red, 10s 3d. Corn firm and is higher; mixed, 29s@30s6d. Provisions have a downward tendency. Bigiands, Athia & Co., and Richardson, Spence & Co., report beef dull and still declining. Pork still declining. Bacon easier and is lower. Butter scarce, and in good demand. Tallow quiet. Petroleum that at 2s 8d for refined, and 14@15s for crude.

London, May 12.—Bearing's Circular reports Breadstuffs upward, and prices firm and higher. Sugar very dull, at is 6d@3s lower. Petroleum quiet at 2s 3½@2s 3d, for Refined.

London Money Market—Consols closed on Friday, at 89¾@89¾ for both for money and for the account. Five-Twenties, 66¾@67. Illinois Central shares, 74@75. Erie, 69@69¾. The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £310,000 sterling.

Bearing's Circular says that there is nothing doing in American securities, owing to the prevailing panic. United States five-Twenties are nominal at 66@65. The bank has raised its rate of discount to four per cent.

Liverpool, May 12.—The Cotton sales to-day were about 7,000 bales, including 3,000 speculators and exporters. The market was firmer, and prices 1-32d higher; Middling Uplands about 12.@12¾d. Breadstuffs quiet and firm. Provisions dull, with a tendency downward.

London, May 12.—Consols for money, 89⅛@89⅜; Five-twenties, 64@66; Illinois Central shares, 74@75. Erie, 69@69¾. The Bank rate were to-day advanced to ten per cent. There was a better feeling and a general improvement in most securities.

Liverpool, May 12.—There is a better feeling and a general improvement in most securities to-day. There are rumors of failures. The failure of one house, well-known in American trade, is freely named.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Monitor Miantonomah—Captured Privateer Florida—Expenses of the War Decided, to the Amount of Nearly $20,000,000—A Steamer and Gold Medal for Commodore Vanderbilt—Circular from Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Washington, May 21.—Commander Beaumont writes to the department that the Miantonomah has made an excellent sea boat in the rough weather to Halifax. She excites the admiration of everybody.

L. D. Campbell, Minister to Mexico, had an interview with Secretary Seward to-day.

The question is now pending before the Supreme Court whether property captured, belonging to insurgents, should be forfeited for the benefit of the captors, or whether the million dollars of such property are claimed by military and naval officers.

Taking into consideration the unprecedented depreciation that has simultaneously occurred in English funds, railway and foreign securities, &c., the diminution in the market value of this property since the beginning of the year may be considered to reach £130,000,000, to say nothing of losses on cotton, cotton goods, iron and other articles.

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Arming of Italy.—The question of war for the moment is overshadowed by the financial panic. There is no modification in the threatening aspect of affairs. The *Times*, in a summary view of affairs, on the 11th, says: The whole Prussian army and great bodies of troops are massed along the frontiers. Austria is bringing into the field every man she can raise, and is enough to say the whole nation is panting for war.

There were rumors of communications by France and England with Austria, with a view to avert an outbreak, but nothing authentic.

Latest.—Florence papers regard war as inevitable, and say by a modification of the Ministry about to take place, La Marmora will receive the military command.

It was stated that the King of Italy would leave Florence May 15th, for Piacenza.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies passed, by a vote of two hundred and three to forty-eight, a bill granting Government extraordinary powers to provide for the maintenance of public safety.

The exportation of horses is prohibited from Italy. Offices for the enrollment of volunteers have been opened in Florence and other cities. The Italian municipalities continued to vote rewards and pensions to soldiers who shall have distinguished themselves, and at Messina the sum of 30,000 francs was voted for the crew of the Italian man-of-war that shall take a distinguished part in the operations against Venice. The City of Venice is said to be closed to traffic from without.

The Italian and German journals had become more reserved in their accounts of events and military intelligence. A Royal decree was issued on the dissolving of the Chamber of Deputies. The measure was proposed to the King by the Ministers in order that a fresh election, without delay, might develope the real feeling of the Prussian people. It was thought this might delay the outbreak of a war.

The Provincial correspondence of Berlin, announcing the mobilization of the entire Prussian army, says: The nation may be assured that the Government is willing to maintain peace if it can be done with honor and due regard to the Prussian interests, but it has resolved that it must act in a forcible and decided manner to maintain their interests.

It is stated that Prussia, in reply to the Austrian dispatch of May 4th, relative to the Protectes, expressed a willingness to enter into fresh negotiations upon another basis, since that now proposed is not suitable as a starting point.

The Bavarian Government had ordered the immediate mobilization of the entire Bavarian army.

A number of reigning petty German sovereigns had been in conference in Wurtemberg, but the result was not stated.

Rumors were current at Vienna of Russian preparations for war. Orders had also been issued from Constantinople that the Turkish army be raised to its full strength, and calling out twelve thousand of the reserves.

Late dispatches from Vienna state that the aspect of affairs is regarded as threatening. Hopes of mediation and peace are being regarded as illusory.

Austria and America.—A Vienna telegram of the 9th says the departure of the Austrian volunteer corps for service in Mexico is reported to have been fixed for 10th of May.

From its rendezvous at Laibach. Immediately after the report became current, Mr. Motley, the American Minister, had an interview on the subject with Count Mansdorff.

A dispatch of the 11th says: In consequence of the protest of the American Minister, the united volunteers, who joined the corps destined for Mexico, have been sent home upon an unlimited furlough.

Liverpool, May 13.—German politics are unchanged.

The last raised Mexican volunteers will enter the Austrian army.

The steamer L'Imperatrice Eugenie, from Mexico, has arrived at Nassau with troops and nine million francs, three million for the French treasury.

The Paris Bourse was very irregular, but closed firm. Rentes, 64¼.

Great Britain—The financial panic culminated late on Thursday afternoon, the 10th, in the suspension of Overend, Gurney & Co. Their business was converted in August last into a limited liability company, with a nominal capital of five millions sterling, of which a million and a half was paid. The liabilities are stated at ten to twelve million pounds sterling. The breakdown is attributed to heavy speculative sales of shares and bonds taken down from a premium to a discount. Depositors then began to get alarmed, and the draw on the 10th was very severe.

Application for assistance was made at the Bank of England, but the governors decline to grant any on the ground that it would be cash in the hands of the present to assist one establishment unless they were prepared to help the other applications as well. It was too late to make a call on the shareholders or take any other step, as the doors of the establishment were consequently closed. The following morning, Friday the 11th, intense excitement prevailed in the financial circles of London, Liverpool and other centres, and business was almost suspended.

The *Times*, of the 17th, in its city article, says that the Bank of England yesterday raised the rate of discount from eight to nine per cent., and the charge for special advances to ten. The pressure even at these terms was enormous, and it was only on the most undeniable bills that accommodation could be obtained. Meanwhile additional and most serious disasters were hourly announced. The first was comparatively small, the Imperial Joint Stock, for £80,000; then came that of Peto & Betts for £4,000,000; then that of W. Sheppington, railway contractor, for £800,000, and finally, it was understood that the Imperial Mercantile Credit Association, whose paid up capital is half a million sterling, and the Consolidated Bank Company, with a paid up capital of a quarter of a million sterling, must under extremely heavy commitments pass into liquidation. During the day the most intense anxiety was manifested to ascertain if any steps had been taken by leading merchants and bankers to support the Government the extent of the crisis, and the false notification in the Stock Exchange, to the effect that an extra issue of bank notes to the extent of ten millions had been authorized, caused at one time a general rebound in prices.

Later in the evening, it transpired that the Government had resolved to suspend the bank charter act. The assets of Betts & Peto, even under the most depressed circumstances, are estimated at five millions sterling, and it is confidently asserted that at a short time propositions for the adjustment of all claims can be submitted. Every one will hope that this may be true, as both Morton Peto and his partner rank prominently among those who have carried the fame of English enterprise to all parts of the globe, while they have commanded the highest personal regard in all sections among their countrymen.

It is already known that several failures among dealers will be announced in connection with the half monthly settlement on the Stock Exchange. A large number of country bankers were in London during the week. The London agents to provide against all danger from local runs. Rumors were circulated in the course of the day of a severe run on the bank of Darby, Bevan & Co., but on Co, but on they were entirely without foundation. There was a run on two or three other banks, but being well met, soon ceased. Public confidence and in the country preparations were very generally made for such contingencies.

In the Liverpool cotton market there was an increased panic at the commencement on Friday, but less unsteadiness at the close.

At Manchester there was a complete pause. At Glasgow the iron brokers resolved to suspend business until Monday.

In the produce markets at London prices were almost wholly nominal.

Taking into account the depreciation that has simultaneously occurred in English funds, railway and foreign securities, &c., the diminution in the market value of this property since the beginning of the year may be considered to reach £130,000,000, to say nothing of losses on cotton, cotton goods, iron and other articles.

The *Times*, in an editorial, says if anything can justify the suspension of the bank charter act, the panic which swayed the city to and fro on Friday may excuse the step, although we believe the reign of terror was approaching its end, and would have speedily ceased, had no infraction of the bank law been permitted. Even now it is probable the license allowed to banks will not be used. It cannot, however, be denied that about midday yesterday the tumult became a rout. The doors of the most respectable banking houses were besieged, more, perhaps, by a timid apprehension that the spring which makes and keeps a mob together than by creditors of the banks, and throngs tearing and tumbling about London streets made that narrow thoroughfare impassable. Such excitement on all sides has not been witnessed since the great crisis of 1825. Each man exaggerated the suspicions of his neighbor, and until a report, at that time unfounded, was circulated in the afternoon that the Government had authorized Bank Directors to issue five millions additional notes, it seemed as if fear and distrust of the commercial world has suddenly become boundless. The statement was baseless at the time, but it served to allay the panic, which had no solid foundation. Even the announcement of Peto's suspension did not revive the panic in the least interfering with the business of other stoppages produced little effect. The *Times* adds, we need to be persuaded that had Government stood firm, the panic would have subsided before it, and if, as we are sure of it, confidence will be speedily restored, we shall attribute it to natural causes rather than to the interference of the Executive Government.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer and prompt action of the Government, and says: During Friday the bank had extended its losses and discounts in the most pressing terms. It had added four millions sterling. The effect was to reduce the bank reserves by nearly three millions. This dimunition and prevailing distrust justified the Government's intervention. The action of the Government was answered in the House of Commons on Friday, at midnight by Mr. Gladstone, who had been engaged in a convention with bankers and others, who represented to him that the panic in the city was without a parallel in the financial history of the country.

Mr. Gladstone said he had addressed a letter to the Bank of England to the effect that if they should find occasion to afford relief to the wants of the commercial community, and make such advances as would require the issue of notes beyond the amount allowed by act, Government would recommend an indemnity to rate in doing so, and undertook, in the event of that contingency, to make immediate application to Parliament for an act of indemnity.

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JOSIAH KING, NELSON B. REED, } Business Managers.

TUESDAY, MAY 22, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

THE NOMINATING CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Allegheny county ought to bear in mind that Saturday next is the day set apart for the selection of delegates to the Nominating Convention, which body will assemble for the performance of its duties on the following Tuesday.

The strictly political questions, more or less directly involved in the action of the Convention, are of unusual intrinsic importance, and in the settlement of them various powerful motives of personal ambition and self-aggrandizement are unfortunately mingled. In addition, there are other questions concerning which the two great parties have not joined issue with each other, but in reference to which local leaders, on both sides, are ready to reap whatever advantages they can at the expense of their opponents. Among these questions are those relating to the Railroad and the License systems. Both touch great pecuniary interests, while the latter, in many minds, is held to involve prime considerations of public and private morality. A good deal of feeling has been engendered in the progress of controversies upon these matters, and more is likely to be aroused in time to come.

We refer to these things in order to inculcate the importance—nay, the necessity—of circumspection and wisdom both on the part of the nominating Convention and of the body of electors whom the Convention will properly be presumed to represent.

It is the fashion with a good many Republicans to stay away from the primary meetings, and after nominations have been made tartly to criticise and find fault. Those who do so are themselves without excuse. Having neglected a duty which, as members of the party and of the community, they ought to have attended to in their own persons, they should feel estopped from complaining.

There never was a time when men of large capacities, of ripe experience, and of unswerving integrity, were so greatly needed in the councils, both of the nation and State, as at the present conjuncture of public affairs. The duty of bringing forward such men does not devolve exclusively on those who, in certain circles, are disparagingly designated as township or ward politicians. It attaches to every citizen; and most of all to such as claim, and have conceded to them, social rank and business consequence.

On Saturday, then, let there be a general turn-out of the republicans to the primary meetings; let sound, judicious and disinterested men be selected as delegates; and the result will be a ticket on which all sections of the party will unite with a cordial good-will that shall invigorate the canvass throughout the Commonwealth and lead on to a most fortunate consummation.

SOME of the democratic journals contrast the efforts now making in Great Britain to enfranchise large classes of the white population with what they are pleased to denominate the efforts of Congress to "disfranchise whole peoples."

There is neither sincerity nor truthfulness in this manner of stating the case. Congress is not engaged in efforts to disfranchise anybody. The laws of this country provide that persons guilty of crimes of the grade of Felony shall forfeit the rights of citizenship. Treason is the highest grade of Felony. In President JOHNSON'S phrase, "it is the highest crime known to the laws, and ought to be punished as such." Large classes of citizens in eleven States have committed that crime. They committed it fully understanding what pains and penalties they were incurring. The very numbers of these criminals cause the authorities to pause in the enforcement of the laws, and to seek for amelioration. Congress is engaged in that search.

At this point the democrats urge, substantially, that treason is not a crime; that to take up arms against the government and deluge the land in blood, is simply a matter of justifiable political difference, exhibiting spirit and manliness; to be commended and honored, rather than censured and punished.

Congress has had before it various propositions relating to this matter. The pith of even the severest of these has been the deliverance of large masses of people from penalties into which they had run with their eyes wide open. One of these propositions, still pending, is an offer wholly to forgive every rebel on the simple condition that they will cease, by their State laws, from "disfranchising whole peoples." Almost every republican in Congress, and nine-tenths of the republicans outside, are ready, considering all the circumstances of the case, to consent to that basis of adjustment. This is an offer to forgive nine-tenths of the whites of the South, whom the regular execution of the laws would send to the gallows, if they will only cease "disfranchising the whole black race."

If these rebels were Republicans the Democrats would have no difficulty in comprehending the dilemma in which they have involved themselves. In that case they would see distinctly that treason is a crime, in the same sense as highway robbery is a crime, and that "it ought to be made odious." But it happens that among many millions of rebels there is not a Republican. The revolt, in its inception, was purely Democratic. In its progress it swept along many of the old-line Whigs, but not all of them. What loyalty there was at the South during the war, was among the men of Whig antecedents, and among the blacks. The amazing power of the rebellion was found in the fact that it was Democratic, and that the Southern State governments were in Democratic hands.

It was this condition of affairs that occasioned deep sympathy, during the war, among Northern Democrats, for the insurgents and their cause. Herein is also the real reason why the Northern Democrats now insist the rebellion shall be treated as a commendable outburst of chivalrous enthusiasm. They seek restoration to power by granting immunity to treason. Concede them that restoration, without conditions, and loyalty during the war will at once become a disgrace, and fall under sharper proscription than treason has yet at the national capital.

—A feature of the statistical information extracted from the pigeon-holes of the War Office is the great mortality among the colored troops from disease. While but 2,997 died in action and of wounds, 26,997 died of disease. While among the white troops the proportion of deaths in action and from wounds to the deaths from disease is about one to two, among the colored troops it is one to eight.

PRAY, CEASE!

Upon the next Legislature will devolve the duty of selecting an United States Senator, to serve for six years, in place of Mr. COWAN, whose term of service will end on the fourth of March next. A number of distinguished gentlemen have been named in connection with this appointment. Each of them has a following of admirers naturally solicitous for his elevation. We have our preference, and in due season mean to do all that in fairness we can to make our favorite successful. But, we beg most respectfully to submit to our fellow Republicans throughout the State that it is not now in order to bring this matter prominently forward. The immediate duty is to secure the election Gen. GEARY, and a majority in each branch of the Legislature. When these points shall be accomplished it will be time enough to enter upon an amicable struggle to see upon whose head the honor of the Senatorship shall descend.

Perhaps, however, it is inevitable that some regard shall be had to this matter in the selection of candidates for the Senate and House of Representatives. There are a few districts, probably, in which this question of preference is the pivot on which the choice of candidates for the Legislature will turn. In such districts our friends have special need to be on their guard against perilous rivalries.

The choice of an United States Senator is, both in itself considered and in its relations, an important business. But there is a matter of much weightier consequence, and to which this is altogether subsidiary; and that is the perpetuation of the ascendancy of the Republican party in this Commonwealth, and in Congress, until the existing national complication shall be adjusted. No man, it matters not how eminent he may be for personal worth or public services, has a right to hinder or imperil that ascendancy in order to gratify his own ambition or to mar the aspirations of a rival.

It, therefore, this question must be mixed up with the choice of legislative candidates, let it be understood all round, and rigidly insisted upon, that it shall go no farther. There is a rule of honor as well as of policy in this matter; and they are identical. If a man puts himself forward for a nomination, or allows his friends to make use of his name in that connection, he and they are alike concluded by the result.

We throw out these hints, not in view of facts which have transpired, or are transpiring; but in anticipation of a possible contingency. No man who holds a place in the republican party, because he believes the application of its avowed principles is essential to the speedy and permanent pacification of the republic, will look with complacency, or with any other feelings than those of distrust and indignation, upon efforts, come from what quarter they may, to debase the grand cause into subordination to an individual. After the triumph of the cause has been ensured, if any have stomachs for personal issues, let them expend harmlessly their surplus vigor thereon.

[From the Paris True Kentuckian, May 16.

Another Terrible Tragedy in Paris, Ky.

Paris was the scene last evening of another terrible tragedy. Robert Armstrong was murdered about six o'clock by Robert Merrimee, Armstrong was a native of Fleming County, Kentucky, where his parents, highly respectable persons, still reside. He had been a resident of Cincinnati, and was one of the firm of Bruce, Chappell & Co., wholesale dry-goods merchants. Since January last, however, he has been connected with the firm of Geo. A. Hicks & Co., of New York.

Last fall he was married to Miss —, only child of Jno. McClintock, a wealthy and highly respectable farmer and well known dealer in mules, near Millersburg, in this (Bourbon) County. Miss — had visited Cincinnati, and while there was married to Armstrong. After a month or two they visited Mr. McClintock's, were kindly received, and Armstrong was induced by Mr., so the story goes, to sell out his interest with Bruce, Chappell & Co., and live with him. They had been at McClintock's several days, when, after visiting Lexington, and on his return, he met at the toll-gate, near Paris, his trunk and an order for him not to return to McClintock's, that his wife desired to have no more to do with him.

Shortly after she instituted a suit for divorce, upon the ground of deception, &c., in the marriage. Armstrong was about to bring suit for slander, when the divorce suit was withdrawn. Yesterday Armstrong arrived at Paris, and after dinner started in a buggy for Millersburg, telling his friends that he had heard his wife was sick, and he wanted to see or hear from her. Upon reaching Millersburg, he was called upon by persons at the hotel, and advised not to return to Paris. He started, however, and arriving at Joe Weil's, the miller, his horse gave out and fell in the traces. There Merrimee passed him, riding McClintock's fine sorrel horse. Armstrong asked if that was not Merrimee.

Further on he desired Penn, who caught up with him, not to drive away from him; that there were persons who wanted to murder him. Merrimee came to Paris and got Pope Forsythe, son of January Forsythe, to return with him. At Mr. Miles' tollgate, a mile and a half from Paris, they met Armstrong paying his toll. M. drew his pistol and ordered A. to get out or he would kill him. A. did so, and went into the tollhouse. M. ordered A. to pull off his coat, A. made a motion, as if doing so, but drew his revolver and fired on M. They fired all their loads at each other, but as one was protected by a sapling, and the other by a house, neither were hurt. A. then started after his horse, which had gone in the direction of Paris. M. obtained a pistol from Forsythe, followed A. and attempted to fire it, but failed. M. rode ahead to Paris, obtained a pistol, met A. in East Paris, and killed him at the second fire.

GENERAL NEWS.

—A traveler in Michigan was accosted by a little beggar girl for alms, at the depot. He put his hand in his pocket to give her a pittance, when he discovered that he had been robbed of his wallet containing several thousand dollars. He told the little girl he had no money, whereupon a pickpocket approached and restored the missing wallet, remarking that he could not rob a charitable man. The little beggar got an hundred dollar note.

—In the still celebrated eating and drinking house known as Romponneau, in Paris, which was famous in 1765, and is still well known, 50 quarts of brandy are drank daily between 5 and 9 o'clock A. M., 200 barrels of wine are emptied weekly, 4,500 barrels are in the cellar, 30 servants are employed every Sunday, when $3,000 are taken in at the counter. The copper in the kitchen is worth, estimated by the weight alone, $1,400.

—The Cairo *Times* says: D. C. Barber & Co. have struck, at the depth of two hundred feet, at Du Quoin, a six-foot vein of coal, that after a careful trial and thorough chemical test, is pronounced much superior to any ever before found in that State, and but little, if any, inferior to the best Pittsburgh coal. Messrs. Barber & Co. find this coal in inexhaustible quantities.

—The duke of Choiseul, who murdered his wife in Paris many years ago, and was said to have committed suicide in prison, has been seen lately in that city. It is asserted that the Government connived at his escape, and that he has been living in San Francisco for twenty years past.

—Frederick Benjamin, a colored waiter in New Haven, applied a certain corn salve to a troublesome corn, and afterwards put turpentine to it. Result—inflammation—amputation—and the planting of his own corn, with himself, in a six-foot plot of earth.

—On Sunday last a three year old son of Chas. H. Bailey was accidentally shot and killed at his father's residence in Salem. A boy named Edwards picked up a gun, pointed it at the child for fun and accidentally discharged it.

—A French lady, the wife of a member of the diplomatic corps, writes: "Bostonians are very charming, very hospitable, very cultivated; but they are perfectly convinced of their immense superiority to everybody else."

—Printing paper is being extensively manufactured from poplar wood in Maine.

GENERAL NEWS.

—There are six New Jersey slaves alive.

—The vapor from Naptha is poisonous.

—Pennsylvania is now without any militia force.

—Rents and real estate are upon a decline in New York.

—The Metropolitan Theatre at Petroleum Centre is a success.

—The country has lost $20,000,000 by fires in three months.

—Hon. Jacob Barker is writing a history of the late war.

—A negress died at Macon, Ga., last week, at the age of 112.

—Ex-President Fillmore and his wife are making a tour in Spain.

—The watering places are busily preparing for the approaching season.

—Samuel Peabody met his death through a practical joke, in New Hope, N. Y.

—A Conservative Convention will be held in St. Louis, on the 6th of June.

—A lad in Providence, R. I., becoming excited about a circus, hanged himself.

—There is a Chinese Catholic church, with a Chinese priest, in San Francisco, Cal.

—Preparations are being made elsewhere for the celebration of the coming Fourth of July.

—Frogs are in great demand in London, Canada. Catching them is a regular trade there.

—A riot between the whites and negroes of Murfreesboro, Tennessee, is daily expected.

—B. Doran Killian, of Fenian notoriety, was born in Cattaraugus county, New York.

—It is proposed to hold a great Southern Educational Convention during the coming summer.

—The Victoria coal oil works of Philadelphia was destroyed by fire. Loss $15,000

—Every man in a certain town in Louisiana is represented to be a confirmed drunkard.

—An insane woman named Julia Barrett has wandered from her home at Petroleum Centre.

—A plan is set on foot for building a monument at Columbus, Ga., in honor of the rebel dead.

—The Franklin *Repository* has engaged Mrs. Jane G. Swisshelm as a Washington correspondent.

—Ex-Governor Bonham, of South Carolina, is about to engage in the practice of law at Augusta.

—The ladies are beginning to wear stockings having a different color for each leg. What next?

—Rev. Mr. Hammond, the revival preacher, has lately married a wealthy lady at Towanda, Pa.

—Ninety thousand arrests were made in one week in Italy for political offenses. Mazzini still lives.

—It is said to be not unusual for a ship to go into Hong Kong with a cargo of opium worth a million dollars.

—David Smith was mortally wounded in a tavern riot, in Lexington, Mo. The row originated about Fenianism.

—Fred Dosch, of Stoufferstown, Pa., last week lost a few hundred dollars, and to mend matters, hanged himself.

—Ex-rebel Henry T. Hays has been elected Mayor of New Orleans, and has received a pardon from the President.

—Mrs. Emma Strant recently died in St. Louis, from the effects of an abortion procured upon herself by her own act.

—The moment a female patient dies in a Paris hospital her head of hair is cut off by a nurse and sold to dealers in hair.

—The sum of $15,000 has been subscribed in England as a testimonial of ex-Lieut. M. F. Maury, late of the "confederacy."

—Brother Ignatius, of England, publishes a doleful letter, setting forth the extreme want of his order of Benedictines.

—The East Tennessee separation scheme was yesterday voted down in the Legislature of that State by a very decided majority.

—Nebraska will vote on a State Constitution on the 2d of June. It is believed the measure will be carried by a large majority.

—The Portland papers state that in that city of 30,000 inhabitants there are over six hundred dram shops. Where is the Maine law?

—An Auburn, Me., man raised $1,900 worth of vegetables from a single acre of land last year, and expects to raise $3,000 worth from it this year.

—Maj. Gen. Dodge having resigned his position in the army, is about to locate at Council Bluffs, Iowa, where he will make his permanent home.

—It is stated that there are no less than seven different commissions who are now or soon will be engaged in investigating the recent riot at Memphis.

—The third regulars, who acted outrageously in this city, a few months ago, have turned up in a similar manner at Quincy, Mo. They are a hard crowd.

—The ex-rebel General H. B. Lyon has returned to his home in Eddyville, Kentucky. He has been engaged for some time past in the service of Mexico.

—Samuel Kennedy, the last survivor of the Wyoming massacre, died near York Springs, Adams county, Penn., on the 11th inst., in the 93d year of his age.

—About $88,000 have been raised in Chicago for a large building for the Young Men's Christian Association in that city. Of this amount $30,000 is for the lot.

—The market is flooded with plug tobacco made from brown paper and tobacco stems. The plugs are sweetened with liquorice, and painted with lamp-black.

—The Lord Bishop of Canterbury, England, has an income of $75,000 a year, besides his private fortune. The Bishop of London has an income of $50,000 a year.

LECTURES.

LAFAYETTE HALL.—WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 23. FREE LECTURE BY

DR D. WILSON, OF NEW YORK.

Subject—"REFORM AND CHOLERA."

Doors open at 7 o'clock; to commence quarter to 8 o'clock. my22:bl

A FREE LECTURE,

AT LAFAYETTE HALL,

TUESDAY, at 8 P. M., by Prof. O. S. FOWLER, of New York, on SELF IMPROVEMENT.

THURSDAY—INTELLECT, MEMORY and their Culture. Seats, 25 cents.

Phrenological examinations and advice, at MONONGAHELA HOUSE, daily, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., this week only. my21:s83

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOMINATIONS FOR OFFICERS of the ALLEGHENY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, to serve for one year ensuing:

For President.....JOHN HOOD, Jr.;
" Vice President.....A. H. ENGLISH;
" Secretary.....A. LEGGATE;
" Cor. Secretary.....WM. HAMILTON;
" Treasurer.....J. N. DAVIDSON;
" Directors.....ROBERT LEA, JAMES McGRIER, SAMUEL RIDDLE, R. ELTON, JAMES McCLOCKART, Rev. J. B. CLARK, JOHN THOMPSON, WM BEATTLE.
" Auditors.....JAMES CALDWELL, J. M. CARR.

Election to be held on the FOURTH MONDAY IN MAY. By order of the

my12:s56;18 22;28. NOMINATING COMMITTEE.

MASS MEETING OF THE FRIENDS OF SOCIAL LIBERTY.—A meeting of the friends of social Liberty, will be held in SLANE'S BUILDING, third floor, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 23d, at 7½ o'clock, to take into consideration the present encroachments on social liberty, attempted by so-called Temperance Leagues and others. Several addresses will be delivered by able speakers, in the English and German languages.

COMMITTEE OF REFORM ASSOCIATION.

my21:s94

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my22:bod;&wT.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY cautioned against negotiating for a note of

EIGHTY DOLLARS,

($80), given to me by Thomas Musgrave two years ago, the same having been lost or mislaid within the past month.

my22:bl0 HERBERT McC. TWEDDLE.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—A Fresh supply of the celebrated Star Brand Sugar Cured Dried Beef and Breakfast Bacon, just received from Cincinnati, and for sale by the tierce or single ham, at the Family Grocery Store of

my22 JOHN A. RENSHAW.
Corner of Liberty and Bland streets.

OAT MEAL AND GRITS.—10 bbls. Fresh Alls dried Oat Meal and Oat Meal, just received and for sale by the barrel or single pound, by JOHN A. RENSHAW.

my22 Corner of Liberty and Bland streets.

BASKET WILLOWS—20 bundles landing from steamer Leonora, for sale by

my22 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

TALLOW OIL.—10 bbls. now landing from steamer Leonora, for sale by

my22 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities, Foreign Exchange, Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

my18:s31

EUSTACE S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,

72 *Pennsylvania Avenue,*

Foot of the Extension and opposite Chatham Street.

my22:s96

FOR SALE,

A GROCERY STORE,

In a good situation for business of any kind. We wish to retire from the business, and will sell our stock and fixtures complete, or if other business is desired, it is a good location. Enquire soon, of

HOMER & CO.,

my22:s98 790 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, *U. S. Government Depository,* PITTSBURGH, May 21st, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT.

on the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives forthwith, free of Government tax. (my21:3d) D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

$20,000 TO LOAN

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE,

Enquire of

G. M. PETTY,

(Successor to Jno. Petty, deceased,)

Commercial Broker, 13 St. Clair St.

my22:b9

The Fountain Horticultural

ICE CREAM SALOON

In Wilkins' Hall, Fourth street, near Smithfield, is now open.

The best fitted, coolest and most inducing FLOWER GARDEN SALOON in the State.

Ice cream, cakes and confectionaries always on hand.

Prof. Terry's celebrated brass band has been engaged for the season, and will be in attendance every night (except Sunday) from 7 to 10 o'clock.

Best ice cream, fruits, and berries, always on hand.

MADAME RUHE, Manageress.

my22:b10

425,000

HAVANA & PRINCIPE CIGARS,

INCLUDING

Cabanas, Partagas, Figaro, La Espanola, Prince of Wales, Cabarga, Arguelles,

And a variety of other brands of various sizes and qualities, Imported and for sale by

FISHER BROTHERS & CO., IMPORTERS, No. 52 S. Gay St., Baltimore.

my22:s97

WELDON & KELLY,

PLUMBERS,

Gas and Steam Fitters,

AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

A large assortment of

Chandeliers and Brackets, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Sheet Lead, &c.,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

161 Wood Street, near Sixth.

my22:b7

GEO. COLHOUN.....W. B. EDWARDS.

COLHOUN & EDWARDS,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

SODA ASH AND CHEMICALS,

No. 24 Wood Street.

In store and landing in Philadelphia,

200 tons Soda Ash,

Kurtz's, Hotchinson's, and Crossfield's make

500 bags Nitrate Soda,

Crude and Refined:

350 kegs Bi Carb Soda (English);

50 bbls. Venitian Red, Cookson's;

ARSENIC AND MANGANESE.

Of choice brands, constantly on hand.

In lots to suit purchasers.

my22:bd

MEN'S BOOTS.

BOYS' BOOTS,

Youths' Boots.

LADIES' BALMORALS,

LADIES' GAITERS,

MISSES AND CHILDRENS'

Boots, Balmorals

AND

GAITERS.

AT REASONABLE RATES,

AT

SOUTH & ROSS',

63 *MARKET STREET.*

my22:b8

FINE RESIDENCE

FOR SALE

IN ONE OF THE BEST PORTIONS OF ALLEGHENY CITY. A large and thoroughly finished two-story Double Brick Dwelling, containing 14 rooms, spacious and airy halls on both floors; pantries, closets and a burglar proof safe. The ample grounds surrounding the mansion abound in choice grapes and fruit, and shade trees. A Stable and Coach House, with other out-buildings, combine to make this a first-class residence. For particulars, apply to S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate, 57 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)

MARSAILLES QUILTS,

Honey-Comb Quilts,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT FOR SALE BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 *Fifth Street.*

my22

SEWICKLEY COUNTRY SEAT

FOR SALE.

A superior double two-story Brick Dwelling, with back building, containing twelve rooms and bathroom, with marble mantles and general good finish. About one acre of ground, with extensive grape arbor and good fruit trees. Five minutes' walk from Sewickleyville station. Hourly trains on the P. F. W. & C. R. R. make this as convenient as any of the nearer suburbs of the city. Apply to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate, my22 57 Fourth street, (Burke's Building.)

LARGE ARRIVAL AT

92 Federal Street, Allegheny,

THIS DAY,

OF ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF

Gaiters, Shoes and Boots,

AT VERY LOW PRICES. CALL & SEE THEM. REMEMBER

M'CLINTOCK'S CHEAP SHOE STORE,

my22 92 Federal street, Allegheny.

GRANT HOUSE,

C. M. SEELY, Prop'r,

Corner of Isabella and Federal Streets,

Near the Suspension Bridge,

my19:s80 ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

FAIRBANK'S SCALES.

Pittsburgh Agency,

JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,

Corner Wood and Second Sts.

my21:s58;d&wT

PARLOR PAPERS.

A NEW LOT OF

Standard Gold Papers

Now received, of beautiful designs for Parlors, at

No. 107 MARKET STREET, NEAR FIFTH.

my19 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, Assignees and creditors of KRAMER & RAHM, of the City of Pittsburgh, take pleasure in certifying to the public that in all our transactions with this firm, previous to the suspension, and in their settlement with us, they have acted the part of honest, honorable, high-minded gentlemen, arranging with us to our entire satisfaction, and if they or any of the firm should be enabled to resume business, our transactions with them warrant us in commending them to the confidence of the community:

S. O. RHODES, Elizabeth, Pa.;
M. H. RANKIN, Pittsburgh, Pa.;
J. D. FORES, Latrobe, Pa.;
FOSTER, PERRIS, WRIGHT & CO., Philipsb'g;
R. H. HENDERSON, New Castle, Pa.;
R. & A. CARSON, Allegheny City;
HIRAM STOWE, Beaver, Pa.;
J. B. O'NEILL, Pittsburgh;
WM. McKERISON, do
DANL. O'NEILL, do
JNO. T. HOGG, Connellsville, Pa.;
ROCH'D COULTER, Greensburg, Pa.;
THOS. HOGE, Franklin, Pa.;
HENRY LAMBERT, Pittsburgh, Pa.;
JAS. P. WHITE, McKeesport, Pa.;
A. J. BAKER, Pittsburgh;
JAS. BROWN, do
BRIGGS & MULVEHILL, Pittsburgh;
W. W. WATTLES, do
J. L. READ, do
MERCHANTS' BOOK DEPOSITORY, Pittsburgh;
A. & D. H. CHAMBERS, do
W. P. HUNKER & CO., do
THOS. BROWN, do

And 131 others.

KRAMER & RAHM BANKING HOUSE.

This House is now open for business with $200,000 unincumbered capital, under the business management of ALLEN KRAMER, EDWARD RAHM, FLORENCE KRAMER, JAMES W. DAVITT and MARCH HUNNINGS, at the old stand of Kramer & Rahm, Bank Block, Fifth street. The patronage of the business public and the friends of the managers is respectfully solicited.

THOS. FAWCETT, Trustee.

NOTICE.—KRAMER & RAHM have deposited with the KRAMER & RAHM BANKING HOUSE the amount admitted on their deposit notes subject to their checks at sight of their respective depositors. THOS. FAWCETT, Trustee.

my24:b2

SHAW & CLARK'S

IMPROVED

SEWING MACHINES.

40 Machines

SOLD IN TWO DAYS.

Are manufactured without any complicated machinery, and therefore are not liable to get out of repair, and are warranted for one year every description of Family Sewing and Tailoring. We do not class our Machines with cheap machines, as we have taken out Patents for purposes

Tney HEM, FELL, STITCH, BIND, EMBROIDER, QUILT and GATHER. Licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Bachelder.

All of our Machines are warranted five years.

AGENTS WANTED.

R. H. LONG, Agent, 112 Grant street, near Fifth, PITTSBURGH, PA.

ma22:s10:3;,t,s

HYDRANT HOSE,

Cut in lengths to suit purchasers, and fitted with necessary

HOSE PIPES

AND

SCREWS.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

No. 167 Smithfield Street.

my22

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

JAMES B. OLIVER becomes a member of our firm, dating from April 12th, 1866. Name and style of firm unchanged.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS.

PITTSBURGH, May 18th, 1866.

MONONGAHELA IRON WORKS.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Carriage and Tire Bolts, Nuts and Washers,
Wagon Axles, Plow and Wagon Bolts,
Bridge & Machine Bolts, Tuyere Irons,
Coach Screws, Pipe Boxes,
Swedge Bolts and Hinges, Road Irons, &c.

WORKS AT SOUTH END OF NEW MONONGAHELA BRIDGE.

WAREHOUSE—Water and Market Streets, Pittsburgh. my22:s84

H. J. LANCE,

SILK AND WOOLEN

DYER AND SCOURER.

ALSO,

Chintz Window Curtains and Chair Covers Cleaned and Reglazed without unpacking.

Nos. 35 and 37 Third Street,

Between Wood and Smithfield,

my19:s72 PITTSBURGH, PA.

GEO. S. SOUTH.....JOHN ROSS.

JOHN ROSS & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO

WM. N. OGDEN & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Carbon Oil Lamps & Fixtures,

Chandeliers, Carbon Oils, &c.,

No. 64 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my19:s79:d&wT

W. J. PATTERSON, Notary Public. } 71 GRANT ST. } HALL PATTERSON, Attorney-at-Law.

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,

Law and Claim Office,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Pensions, Local and Government Bounties, Back Pay, Prize Money, &c., collected.

OFFICERS' ACCOUNTS ADJUSTED.

Collections made, Deeds, Letters of Attorney, Bonds, Mortgages, &c., written, and all legal business promptly attended to. my19:s85

STOCKS WANTED.

PEOPLES' NATIONAL BANK,
M. & M. NATIONAL BANK,
CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK,
EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK.

Also, BRIDGE, GAS AND RAILROAD SHARES.

We are buying GOLD and SILVER at the HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

ROBINSON, M'CLEAN & CO.,

75 Fourth Street.

my18:s58

J. DIAMOND,

Practical Optician,

And Manufacturer of the

RUSSIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES,

Which are warranted to preserve, strengthen and improve the sight. For sale only by

J. DIAMOND,

my17:s30 No. 24 St. Clair Street.

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe and Liberty Oil Works,

Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Yards for storage and shipment of Crude Oil at Lawrenceville.

Office and Warehouse, corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh.

WM. WIGHTMAN.....A. D. ANDERSON.

EAGLE OIL WORKS,

Lawrenceville.

WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON,

Refiners and Dealers in

PETROLEUM.

OFFICE, SECOND STORY, CORNER HANCOCK ST. AND DUQUESNE WAY. my16:s33

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

Anchor Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh,

MANUFACTURERS OF

ANCHOR (A) SHEETINGS,
ANCHOR (B) SHEETINGS,
ANCHOR (C) SHEETINGS,

And BATTING. my15:s20

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio, Justice of the Peace,

AND POLICE MAGISTRATE,

Office, 112 Fifth St., opposite Cathedral,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. my19:s81

AUG. H. TACK.....THEO. E. TACK.....FRED. CHASE.

TACK BRO. & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND BROKERS IN

PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS,

7 Hancock St., Pittsburgh.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE, 127 Walnut street. my19:s77

WARDEN & BATCHELDER,

BROKERS IN

CRUDE AND REFINED PETROLEUM,

WHALE OIL, ROSIN, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, NORTH CAROLINA TAR, &c.,

Corner of Duquesne Way & Hancock St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Represent WM. G. WARDEN, 113 Walnut street, Philadelphia. my16:s29

CHATHAM T. EWING,

Attorney at Law,

No. 69 GRANT ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Commissioner for Ohio, Kentucky, West Virginia, Missouri and other States. my16:s29

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT SALE

OF

DELAWARE LANDS.

The largest, most desirable and valuable REAL ESTATE, in FARMS, HOUSES, &c., ever offered for sale at one time in the State of Delaware.

The subscriber, wishing to change some investments by selling Real Estate, will therefore offer and sell at Public Auction, in the town of SMYRNA, state of Delaware, at FOXWELL'S HOTEL, on

Thursday, the 14th day of June next,

To commence at 10½ o'clock, A. M., a part of his Real Estate, which, of its kind, is not surpassed by any in this country, as follows: Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, are Farms handsomely fitted up and improved, containing each from 200 to 300 acres. All have Peach and Apple Orchards, and are within 2 to 4 miles of the town, near the Steamboat landing and Delaware Railroad, and the Smyrna Creek (good navigable water) fronts several of the farms. No. 7, a tract of Marsh Land, 300 acres. No. 8, the Lime Kilns, Sheds and Office, with two acres lot at Smyrna landing. Nos. 9 and 10, two large Granaries, capable of storing 15 to 20,000 bushels of grain, at Smyrna Landing, with an acre lot to each. No. 11, a Water Lot, known as the "Ship Yard," at Smyrna Landing.

Persons are requested to examine the property before the sale. Plots of same may be seen prior to and at the sale. Title good to each parcel.

The terms will be, one-third cash and the residue a credit of annual equal instalments, extending to five years. Detail of the terms will be announced at the sale. Full bills can be procured by applying to the subscriber, which gives a full description of all the property, and the subscriber would refer to the Delaware papers also for full accounts.

my22:s85;TAS GEO. W. CUMMINS.

CHOLERA

DISARMED!!!

The Chief Cause of Pestilence Destroyed!

DR. E. COURTARET'S DISINFECTING FLUIDS, secured by Letters Patent in the United States and France. Prepared solely by the New York Disinfecting Company, at their Laboratory, Nos. 208, 210 and 302 Henry Street, N. Y. office, 42 Cedar street.

This Company organized on a permanent basis, with Dr. Courtaret, the celebrated French Chemist, in charge of its Laboratory, is prepared to furnish its Disinfecting Fluids for sick rooms, nurseries, urinals, water closets, privies, cesspools, sewers, gutters, ships, railroads, hospitals, prisons, and all public institutions of all kinds, slaughter-houses, offal and fat-boiling establishments, all kinds of manures (*immensely* increasing the value of the latter for every farmer), and wherever poisonous and offensive gases exist. These agents are deodorisers, antiseptics, antiputrescents, and disinfectants in the most powerful degree. They will remove noxious gases and odors by chemical principles—leaving no disagreeable residuum. They are DESTROYERS, and *not merely absorbents* of poisonous gases—not injurious to utensils on which they are used. The advantages of this great and scientific agent is directed to these disinfectants. Attached are testimonials in favor of this great discovery, which, with hundreds of others, can be seen at the Company's office.

To the President of the New York Disinfecting Co.

NEW YORK, April 9, 1866.

Dear Sir: It is all it is represented to be. We have made many trials of disinfectants, but now consider that we have found an article which surpasses all others as a remedy against all bad odors.

T. ROESSEL & CO.

To the President of the New York Disinfecting Co.

NEW YORK, April 9, 1866.

Dear Sir: We pronounce it, without exception, to be the best we have ever known. Its effect upon every matter is complete and instantaneous.

C. A. STETSON, Astor House.

N. B.—These Disinfectants are used by the sewengers, under the direction of the Sanitary Police of the Metropolitan Health Department, N. Y.

POWELL & THOMPSON, 42 Cedar St., N. Y., General and Sole Agents for the United States and the Canadas, to whom all orders should be addressed.

For sale by all Druggists and General Dealers in the United States and Canadas. my19:s64

PITTSBURGH

NATIONAL BANK

OF

COMMERCE,

CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

Capital, - - - - - $500,000

Discounts Daily at 11 A. M.

Deposits received and collections made on all the principal points of the United States on favorable terms.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES

Bought and Sold.

OFFICERS:

A. PATTERSON, President. | JOSEPH H. HILL, Cashier.
JOSEPH C. CURRY, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

A. PATTERSON, WM. REED,
JAMES McCANDLESS, ALEX. NEWSPATRICK
CHAS. LOCKHART, WM. DOUGLAS,
WM. H. BROWN, WM. S. HAVENS,
JOHN MELLON. my21:s91

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF HAILMAN, RAHM & CO. is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, the interests of ALLEN KRAMER and EDWARD RAHM having been sold to FRANK RAHM and GEORGE W. HAILMAN, by whom the business will be continued under the same style of HAILMAN, RAHM & CO.

ALLEN KRAMER,
EDWARD RAHM,
GEO. W. HAILMAN,
FRANK RAHM,
W. C. MACRUM,
C. P. MAGNUM.

PITTSBURGH, May 18th, 1866.

We cheerfully recommend our successors in the IRON AND STEEL BUSINESS, and solicit for them a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late firm. A. KRAMER,
E. RAHM.

DUQUESNE WORKS.

Hailman, Rahm & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails, Springs, Axles, Plow, Spring and A. B. Steel, &c.

WAREHOUSE—No. 77 WATER STREET, Pitts

POLITICAL.

☞ **UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.**—The Union Republican Voters of Allegheny County are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, on SATURDAY, MAY 26TH, and elect two delegates from each election district, to a County Convention, to be held on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a County Ticket, and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

I...e Republican voters of that portion of Allegheny county lying in the 22d Congressional District, will, at the same time and places, elect two delegates from each election district, to meet in Convention, at City Hall, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress in said district.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the cities and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock, P. M., in the cities and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by ballot or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.

WM. ANDERSON, } W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.
R. W. THOMAS, } Secretaries.

☞ **FOR CONGRESS—23d DISTRICT.**—The Republicans of that port of Allegheny County north of the rivers will urge the re-nomination of

HON. THOMAS WILLIAMS

As their Representative in Congress, before the Convention called to assemble on May 29th.

my14:td

☞ **CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.**

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, His name is now presented to Voters of the District as a candidate for nomination for Congress for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention.

ap24:tc

☞ **CONGRESS**

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT.

mh9:tmd

☞ **CONGRESS.—The friends of**

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh13:6wd

☞ **FOR SHERIFF,**

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh23:td&wF

☞ **FOR SHERIFF,**

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Convention. mh22:d&wF

☞ **FOR SHERIFF,**

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh19:tc

☞ **FOR SHERIFF.**

CEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry. mh21:tc

☞ **FOR SHERIFF.**

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, (late of the 9th Pa. Reserves,) will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. mh20:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY.**

REV. F. A. HUTCHINSON,

Of North Fayette Township, at the urgent solicitation of many friends, has consented to be a candidate for Assembly before the Republican County Convention. my9:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY,**

DAVID SHAFER,

Of Upper St. Clair Township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my9:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY.**

COL. D. L. SMITH,

Of Allegheny City, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. my8:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY,**

JOHN A. DANKS,

Of Etna, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. my3:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY,**

JOSIAH W. ELLS,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap4:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY.**

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

Will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Republican Union Convention. ap25:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY.**

SAMUEL CHADWICK,

Of Collins Township, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap23:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY,**

MAJ. GEN. J. B. KIDDOO,

Formerly of the 63d and 137th Pa. Vols., and 6th and 22d U. S. colored troops, and wounded severely in front of Richmond, will be a candidate for Assembly before the Republican County Convention. ap17:tc

☞ **FOR ASSEMBLY.**

THE FRIENDS OF

HON. GEORGE WILSON,

Of Pitt Township, will present his name as a candidate for Assembly, before the next Union Republican County Convention.

PITT TOWNSHIP.

☞ **COUNTY COMMISSIONER.**

SAMUEL NEELY, SR.,

Of Manchester, (formerly of Sewickley township,) will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap24:tc

☞ **COUNTY COMMISSIONER,**

GEORGE HAMILTON,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

☞ **COUNTY COMMISSIONER.**

CHARLES PUGH,

Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh17:tc

☞ **FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.**

CAPTAIN E. M. JOHNSTON,

Of Lawrenceville, (late of 155th P. V., who lost his arm at the battle of the Wilderness, Va.,) will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. my7:tc

☞ **FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.**

ALEXANDER HILANDS

Will be a candidate for Clerk of the Orphans' Court, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap4:tc

☞ **FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.**

JOHN M. LARIMER,

Of Chartiers township, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. my1:tc

☞ **FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT,**

EB. WILLIAMS, JR.,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

☞ **FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT,**

HORACE S. SNOWDEN,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap7:tc

☞ **CLERK OF THE COURTS.**

JOHN G. BROWN,

Of Hampton Township, late Private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penn'a Vols. ap8:tc

☞ **FOR CLERK OF COURTS.**

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late of 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 5th Pennsylvania Artillery, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. mh31:tc

☞ **FOR CLERK OF COURTS,**

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh22-d&wtcF

☞ **FOR REGISTER,**

DAVID CORNELIUS,

Of Allegheny City, (late Capt. 212th Pa. Vols.,) subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. my5:tc

☞ **FOR REGISTER,**

JOHN SMALL,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap25:tc

☞ **FOR REGISTER,**

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Of Plum Township, (late of Co. E, 86th Pa. Reg., wounded and disabled at the battle of Fair Oaks,) subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap19:tc

☞ **FOR REGISTER,**

R. D. HUMES,

Of Tarentum Borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap10:tc

☞ **FOR RECORDER.**

HENRY SHIVELY,

Of the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap23:tc

☞ **FOR RECORDER.**

ABDIEL M'CLURE,

Of Mifflin Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap24:tc

☞ **FOR RECORDER.**

J. B. COPELAND,

Of Pittsburgh Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

Continued engagement, for six nights, of the charming Equestrian artiste,

MISS LEO. HUDSON

Who will appear for the second time here as OTTAHONTAS, the Eagle Eye Chief of the Delawares, Steed of the Delawares, by the splendid trained horse, SENSATION.

THIS EVENING, will be presented the startling Drama, entitled

EAGLE EYE; Or, THE STEED OF THE DELAWARES.

Ottahontas, the Eagle Eye,.....Miss Leo. Hudson.

Due notice will be given of Maezppa. ap25:1t

OPERA HOUSE.
MANAGER.....W. H. LEAK.

Five Nights Only. Great Combination.

MR. STEWART ROBSON and MILLE ANNETTI GALETTI.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 22d,

Camille; or, The Cracked Heart.

Camille.....Stewart Robson.

Pas Seul, Remember Me.....ANNETTI GALETTI.

JONES' BABY, ROBSON'S MUSIC BOOK and JOHN WOPPS.

Mr. Robson in all three pieces.

MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS,
(Organized in Boston in 1843.)

AND THE WONDERFUL EMPIRE BOYS,

AT MASONIC HALL,

Commencing Friday, May 18th, for 8 Nights.

NEW PROGRAMME—NEW ACTS.

By the Inimitable Comedians,

R. BISHOP, BUCKLEY, G. SWAINE BUCKLEY, PETE LEE AND JAKE BUDD.

The only Company now traveling with new acts. Every Minstrel Band and CRY new acts, but the Buckleys PERFORM them.

Doors open at 7. Entertainment at 8. Tickets, 25 cents. Reserved seats, 50 cents.

SATURDAY, GRAND MATINEE, for the benefit of Ladies and Children, when admission will be 25 cents. (my14:sa) R. DAVIS, Jr., Agent.

WAIT FOR THE COMING
OF THE
GREAT SHOW.

MIKE LIPMAN'S

COLOSSAL COMBINATION OF

CIRCUS & MEMAGERIE!

Will Exhibit at PITTSBURGH, on RED LION LOT, MAY 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th and 26th, and ALLEGHENY, DIAMOND SQUARE, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, May 18 and 19.

Combining under one

IMMENSE PAVILION,

And for One Price of Admission,

SIX DISTINCT SHOWS:

LENT'S EQUESCURRICULUM, SPALDING & ROGERS' GREAT NORTH AMERICAN CIRCUS, GRIZZBY ADAMS' TROUPE OF ACTING PANTHERS FROM CALIFORNIA, EDUCATED BUFFALO, OR SACRED BULL, The Celebrated BEDOUIN ARAB TROUPE, SPENCE Q. STOKES' STUD OF TRAINED

HORSES AND PONIES.

Read the following Catalogue of distinguished artists: Spence Q. Stokes, Esq., Equestrian and Master of the Chase, Encircling and great Master of the Hall Scene of Equestrianism; Master Charles Fish, the fearless and dashing Bareback Rider; Mr. John Foster, clown and Jester, the most favorite, late of Barnum's Museum; Walter Wentworth, the great Lexicographist and Boneless Marvel; Sam Candle, world renowned Educated Dogs; H. Gardner, the great dramatic Scenic Rider and Equestrian Caricaturist; Hi. Marks, the Original Jockey; Master John Holland in his great original act on the "Columns Espiral," or Spiral Column, 30 ft.; Mr. Stokes, the Monarch in bareback and highly trained Trick Horse, Andy Johnson; Jim Robbins, the Inimitable Grotesque.

The Bedouin Arab Troupe, of Children of the Desert, Moisay F. Hassen, Mossy Jen Said, Aleph Bisa Gilmer; The Holland Family, John, Addie and George; The Wilson Brothers, George and Charley, in their super-perilous acts on the Trapeze and Horizontal Bar; Messrs. C. W. Young, morgan Brothers, Anthony King, Johnny Cinder, Dick Allen, the wit, punster and orator, and a host of Acrobats, Tumblers, Artistes and Auxiliaries.

Mesdames Worland, Stokes and Marks; Mlle Anneita, the Elfin Star and graceful darling and dancing premiere; La Signorina, La Petite Adele, introducer, in a beautiful and classic act, her diminutive ponies "Daisy and "Lilly."

Among the many features of this Colossal Exhibition, will be the

GRAND PROCESSION

Which will enter the town at 10 A. M. The Procession will be led by Capt. E. A. MENTOR'S WORLD RENOWNED METROPOLITAN OPERA BAND, drawn by a splendid team of Andalusian Horses in the beautiful and elaborately decorated Car of JOVIUS. It will be followed by the Monster, faithful and exact model of the Ocean Monitors. Following this, will come the procession of Acting Bears, Camels, Zebras, Buffalo, &c. The Entire Troupe of Bedouin Arabs, arrayed in the wild fantastic garments of their Nomad race, and a score of Shetland Ponies and Donkeys, all appareled and splendidly mounted, complete this Grand Free Exhibition.

Admission, 50 cents. Children under ten years, 25 cents. Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock.

myl2:14:15:16:19:20:21:22:24

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that so much of the

Channel of the Allegheny River

As runs between the SECOND and FOURTH PIERS, from the Allegheny City end of the Rail Road Bridge, now being rebuilt by the

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway Company

Over that River, between Pittsburgh and Allegheny, will be

NECESSARILY OBSTRUCTED

During the time of putting up the new superstructure of the Bridge, probably for about four months from the First of June, A. D., 1866.

R. A. GARDNER,
Chief Engineer.

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, March 20th, 1866.

THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville; OIL CITY BANK, Oil City; VENANGO BANK, Franklin, and FREDONIA BANK, Titusville, will not hereafter be redeemed by this Bank.

mh22:tf GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

NOW BEING RECEIVED

THAT ELEGANT STOCK OF

CHICKERING PIANOS,

Selected personally by the subscriber, during a recent visit to the Factory.

SEVENTEEN INSTRUMENTS

are now open, and ready for examination, and the public are invited to call and see them.

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

CHARLES C. MELLOR,
81 Wood Street.

THE BRADBURY, NEW YORK,
AND
Schomacker & Co., Philadelphia,
PIANOS.

The Estey & Co.'s Cottage Organ,
AND AMERICAN ORGAN.

Acknowledged by the best musical talent in the United States to be superior to all others in power, purity and quality of tone, and thorough workmanship.

These instruments have for years taken the first premiums, over all all competitors, at the various State and County Fairs, and they are lower than any others. All warranted for five years.

WAMELINK & BARR,
No. 12 St, Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
jy24

PIANOS! PIANOS!!
ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
Knabe & Co.'s and Haines Bro's.
PIANOS,
Just received. CHARLOTTE BLUME,
my12 43 Fifth street, Sole Agent.

WALL PAPERS, &c.

THOMAS PALMER
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WALL PAPER
TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES
AND
TABLE COVERS
Warehouse, 91 Wood Street,
Second door below Diamond Alley,
feb26:tf PITTSBURGH, PA.

PAPER HANGINGS FOR 1866.
A great collection of
American Wall Papers.
For the first time in five years
NEW ENGLISH PAPER
A choice selection of the
Newest French Papers
For sale by
mh14 WALTER P. MARSHALL, 97 Wood Street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,**

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS.

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Shear Cast-Steel; also, Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap25:1y

☞ **WM. BARNHILL & CO.**

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers.

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in this county. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. dels:tf

☞ **LAKE SUPERIOR**

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER. Also, constantly on hand, YELLOW METAL, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 14 and 16 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my2:tyd&wT

☞ **ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, REA & MILLER,)**

WASHINGTON WORKS.

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND BOILER PLATE, SCREW PROPELLERS, &c.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, for feeding boilers.

☞ **JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,**
Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 SECOND and 88 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of ornamental, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. au2

☞ **SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet** of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, which will be sent free, in a sealed envelope. Address Agents, A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 73, Boston Post Office. my22:1yd&w

AUCTION SALES.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS IN THE BOROUGH OF MONT PLEASANT, opposite the mouth of Penn street, on SATURDAY, the 26th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. Lots are 25 by 135 feet, or more, to suit purchasers. Also, the large Brick House, having a good House and large Barn, suitable for a Dairyman or Gardener. These very valuable Lots, suitable for all who want comfortable homes, are part of the well known homestead of the late A. Kirk Lewis, Esq., in beauty of scenery, pure and salubrious air, good water, and, finally, cheap as they are unsurpassed. Overlooking the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and the winding stream of the Allegheny river, the most varied and picturesque views are always presented. They are also convenient to school houses, churches and stores. The mechanic, the clerk, the professional and business man, escaping from the bustle, dust and smoke of two cities, will find this opportunity better than has ever been offered to purchase homes to suit.

Terms of sale will be liberal and made known on day of sale. THOMAS KANNEY,
T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct. my22

FURNITTRE, CARPETS, CUTLERY, SILVER-PLATED WARE, &c., AT AUCTION.—On THURSDAY MORNING, May 24th, at 10 o'clock, at Smith Hall Commission House, 58 and 57 street, will be sold a general variety of Household Furniture, Carpets, Cutlery, &c., consisting in part of new and second-hand Brussels, Ingrain Carpets, Matting, Marble-top Pier and Centre Tables and Wash Stand, Sofa-Seat Rocking Chairs, Sofa Seats, Cane Seat and Wood Seat Chairs and Rockers; Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, What-Nots, Bureaus, Looking Glasses and Dining Tables, Feather Beds, Mattresses, Venetian Blinds, Fancy Window Shades with fastenings complete; a quantity of Wall Paper, Engravings, Vases, Table Cutlery, Silver-Plated Tea and Table Spoons, and other articles too numerous to mention.

my22 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

26 LOTS ON FEDERAL LANE, ADJOINING ALLEGHENY CITY LINE, AT AUCTION.—Will be sold on the premises, on THURSDAY, May 24th, at 5 o'clock, P. M., 26 Building Lots on Federal Lane, between the Old Montgomery Mansion and the Toll House, at the junction of Federal and Ohio streets. These lots are wide, and vary in depth from 86 to 211 feet; have a south-eastern exposure, are favorable for the growing of grain, grass or garden truck, and a good water has been obtained at the depth of 25 feet near the premises. The special attention of those wishing to purchase for speculation, building or manufacturing advantages, is invited to this sale.

Terms, one-third cash; the balance in four yearly payments, with interest.

my21 A. LEGGATE, Auct.

STOCKS AT AUCTION.—On Tuesday AFTERNOON, May 22d, at 2½ o'clock, at Mason and Dixon's Auction House, 58 and 57 Fifth street, will be sold:

43 shares Allegheny National Bank Stock;
29 do Fourth do do;
31 do Boatman's Insurance do;
2 do Western Union Telegraph Co., do.

my21 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

GROCERY STORE AT AUCTION.—A. GUCKENHEIMER & BRO.'S Stock of Groceries, on Second street, between Second and Third streets, Third ward, Allegheny, will be sold on SATURDAY, May 26, at 10 o'clock. There are Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Soaps, Spices, Fish, Oils, &c.

my22 A. LEGGATE, Auct'r.

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS.—A large stock of prime seasonable goods at auction on FRIDAY afternoon, May 25, at 2 o'clock, at Mason and Dixon Hall, 58 and 57 Fifth street, Allegheny.

Also, at private sale, a very fine stock at very low prices. A. LEGGATE, Auct'r.

my22

HORSES, WAGONS, FURNITURE, FARM TOOLS, &c., at the residence of C. Berringer, Glendale, on the New Brighton road, will be sold by auction on TUESDAY, May 29, at 10 o'clock.

Little wanted can be offered to effect the sale, as the owner is determined to sell. Sale positive.

my22 A. LEGGATE, Auct'r.

3000 BUSH. DAMAGED GRAIN AT AUCTION.—On Friday morning, at 11 o'clock, at the brewery of Spencer & Morrison, Ninth ward, will be sold for account of whom it may concern, 3,000 bushels damaged grain, in lots to suit buyers. T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

McCALLUM BROTHERS No. 80 FOURTH STREET. We have on hands a very superior stock of

CARPETING

Of every description and every grade of quality.

OIL CLOTHS, extra well seasoned, from 3 feet to 24 feet wide.

PIANO AND TABLE COVERS—Every kind in use.

HEARTH RUGS—From the finest quality to the lowest priced.

CANTON MATTING, COCOA AND MANILA MATTINGS, &c.

apl McCALLUM BROTHERS,
Formerly W. D. & H. McCallum.

WE OFFER THE LARGEST

Stock in the West of everything in the line of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Damask, Reps and Lace Window Curtains, Gold Bordered and Plain Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, of our own importation, at the Lowest Prices reached since the war. A line of Scotch Ingrain Carpets, of our own importation just received---very handsome---never offered in this country before---and at prices based on the present rate of Gold

McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 & 73 Fifth Street, 2d floor,
Next building to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice
mh24

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

THE DEARING TRAGEDY,
Profusely Illustrated with
PORTRAIT OF THE FIEND PROBST,
VIEWS OF THE SCENES OF THE MURDERS, &c.
8vo. Paper. Price 20 cents. Mailed, post-paid, on receipt of price.

FINE PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS OF

STEPHENS, the Fenian Head Centre;
ROBT. EMMETT,
O'MAHONEY,
And others—all sizes.

Map of Ireland.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,
59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.
my15

A THRILLING BOOK.
Political Economy of Prophecy,

With special reference to its relation to the History of the Church and the Civil, Military and Ecclesiastical History of the Roman Empire, and of its last Emperors, the Three Napoleons, with an Appendix on the Pope's last Encyclical, and the Firman of the Sultan of Turkey, prophetically and historically demonstrated. Illustrated by Portraits of the Napoleonic Family; a Chart of the course of Empires; Maps of the Holy Land, &c. By the Rev. R. C. Schimeall. For sale by J. C. READ,
my1 No. 75 Fourth street.

SAW MILLS.

D. L. PATTERSON & CO.
MANCHESTER SAW MILLS,
Between Beaver street and Ohio River, Manchester, Pa.
Orders for all kinds of Lumber for building boat siding, deck plank, lath railings &c.
my1:3m

GROCERS.

JOHN FLOYD.....WM. FLOYD
JOHN FLOYD & CO., Wholesale GROCERS, No. 179 Wood and 220 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap25:1yd

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MAY 22, 1866.

CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

(ADDITIONAL ON FIRST PAGE.)

The Pulpit—Non-Conformity to the World.

The Rev. Herrick Johnson, of the third Presbyterian Church of this city, delivered to his people on Sabbath morning last a discourse on the above subject. It was listened to with an interest and satisfaction that warrant our introducing its leading thoughts to our readers.

The text, as suggested by our heading, was the first clause of Romans xii. 2. The general sense of this precept, remarked the preacher, is plain enough. Its application is not so easy. Different classes in society and different schools of religious thinkers will be likely to disagree herein. Some would make it simply exclude vice and crime, and leave the door open to the largest license; others think they satisfy its claims by occasional acts of devotion and self-denial, while still others think it shuts them up in the cell of the ascetic. His sphere is evidently outside palpable and acknowledged sin. Its just interpretation is an answer to the question what demands our religion makes on us in this sphere.

The question is a difficult one. It would be easy, said the speaker, to treat it in a loose declamatory way, dealing out wholesale denunciations on every hand. But, said he, I would carry the conscience of each hearer with me, and I have a right to expect that so far as my deductions from the text seem just, they will find their way into the lives of those whose ascent they gain.

Firstly,—then, to whom was this rule given! not to an association of reformed idolators as such. It was to a church as distinguished, in that and in all ages, from the world.

Secondly—To what does it apply? To the heart, indeed, as the seat of pure religion, but to this as the fountain of motive and source of action. A strange cleansing of a fountain, that, which does not affect its streams! Our text, said the preacher, demands of the church a certain *singularity*.

In defining this singularity, the reverend gentleman was exceedingly happy, both in guarding and in illustrating his conception. There are *good* qualities found among men of the world, said he; so far as these go, we are to conform to the world. Christ commends some of the wisdom of worldlings. The prohibition of the text looks to things in themselves or by their associations injurious. Yet, again, not gross vice and crime. These are to be inferentially forbidden somewhere. What then is the jurisdiction of this law? It is that wide field, not covered by express statute, which, nevertheless, a contrast is called for between the world and the church. It embodies a general principle that reaches to an endless catalogue of cases. What exclaimed the preacher, enlarging on this theme, is the world to dictate to the church her social laws! And must the Christian, who would conform to its customs be confronted at each step of his defection from loyalty to his Master by a direct enactment! It is not enough that we get no harm from any given indulgence—questionable as even that is—it must be ascertained that we *do* no harm thereby.

The conclusion of the discourse was a direct and bold application of the principle of the text to the frequenting by Christian men of such places of amusement as the theatre, the opera house and the circus. The moral character, in general, of the *attaches* of these establishments, and their uniformly irreligious and immoral tendencies, he portrayed in terms that argued an earnestness which would not consent to sacrifice truth and its forceful presentation on the prudent delicacy of taste. Other points raised in this connection were: The uniform testimony in all ages, not of the Church only, Catholic and Protestant, prizing its purer and second-hand forms of amusements; the opinions of the world, forward as they are to apologise for such license; the practice of devout Christians in all times; the sorrowing direction for those in the proportion to the increase of spirituality, and our unwillingness to die or have our children die in the midst of such scenes. The ball room and the card table also came in for a share of attention.

This whole subject, said the eloquent preacher, belongs not to abstract casuistry, not to the decision of others, but to the test of each to his own spiritual life, and decide each case in view of its bearings on *that*.

He closed with a moving appeal to professed friends of Christ to yield Him a service more full, more generous and hearty, than one made up of the barest concessions to positive demands, in a spirit that so sticklies at each item of effort or self-denial as if one were dealing with an oppressive or extortionate master.

U. S. District Court—Another Trial for Dealing in Counterfeit Money.

Hon. Wilson McCandless presiding.

MONDAY, May 21.—Court assembled at the usual hour, ten o'clock, when the case of

United States vs. Henry Little, David Phillips and George Elliott—indicted for attempting to pass a counterfeit treasury note of the denomination of ten dollars—was taken up. District Attorney Carnahan appearing for the Government and J. C. McCarthy and John Coyle, Esqs., for the defense. The defendants are residents of Birmingham.

Bartholomew Auth, saloon keeper at 182 Liberty street, the prosecutor, testified that during last February the defendants came to his house and obtained three glasses of beer, tendering in payment a ten dollar note, which witness pronounced counterfeit. The note was presented by Little, and good money paid by one of the other parties. George Robitzer, barkeeper for his father, at 33 Diamond alley, stated that the defendants called there on the same day they had been at Auth's] and after having been provided with three glasses of beer, tendered a ten dollar bill in payment. Little was the one who offered the note, but was not certain. He was positive it was neither of the other defendants. Witness said it was counterfeit, when one of the defendants took the note back and offered a genuine two dollar note, remarking that he did not think the first bill was counterfeit. John Moessner, ex-police officer, stated that he arrested the accused at Robitzer's saloon, having been pointed out to him by the barkeeper, and found in the possession of Little a counterfeit ten dollar note. [Produced and identified by Auth and Robitzer as the one which had been offered them.] Matthias Sanders was present when the bill was presented to Auth, and followed defendants to Robitzer's. J. Le Roy stated that three persons, answering the description of defendants, offered a ten dollar note, similar to the one in evidence, in payment of an article offered in pawn. John Franz, wholesale liquor dealer of Birmingham, testified that the note in question had been taken from his store on the 10th of February last. He received it about four weeks previous, and it might have been in his money drawer up to that time. He was positive as to the identity of the note.

For the defense [the prosecution having closed with the evidence above given] Mr. Coyle contended there was nothing adduced to implicate Phillips or Elliott in the charge preferred. In regard to the other defendant, Little, a witness proved that on the evening prior to his arrest, he [Little] received money from his mother, and that at the time the alleged offense was committed he was intoxicated to such an extent as to be unaccountable for his actions.

The case was submitted at one o'clock, and after a brief absence the jury returned with a verdict of not guilty as to Phillips and Elliott, and guilty as to Little, recommending him to the mercy of the Court. Little was remanded for sentence, and the others discharged by proclamation.

The Court then adjourned until to-day, when the business will be wound up and the jury discharged.

Took to the Water.

Crossing the upper Birmingham bridge, yesterday morning, we observed a bullock start from the Birmingham shore and plunge into the river. The animal passed boldly into the water, and, getting beyond his depth, for a time swam about the rafts moored near the bridge. Presently he struck out, apparently for the opposite shore, and had gained very nearly the middle of the river, when, the wind being the contrary, he dropped down with the current, passing between the piers of the bridge. Judging it to be impossible for the animal to reach his seeming destination, we anxiously watched proceedings, looking every moment to see him sink beneath the surface and drown. Meanwhile the owner made his appearance on the bank, and was looking about for a skiff, with a view of making an effort to save his property. The bullock had now somewhat exhausted and after reaching a point about one hundred yards below the bridge, turned about and headed for the shore from which he had started, progressing quite slowly and making his head above the water with apparent great exertion. Finally, in nearing the bank, he touched bottom and walked ashore, not much the worse for the bath, and to the relief of a number of spectators who had watched his movements with great interest and anxiety, particularly the owner, who, ere this item is read, has perhaps slaughtered and exposed for sale in his stall the butchered remains of the bullock.

Desertion and Abandonment.—On Saturday a woman called at the office of Alderman Strain, and represented: That in March, 1865, being a widow, she was married, in eastern New York, to one Peter Yost; that he she went with him to Ohio, where he deserted her. Learning of his whereabouts she came to this city to bring him to justice for his conduct. The proper proceeding being entered, a warrant was issued, and the accused arrested by officer Wilmot in the vicinity of Stewartstown, Shaler township, at a late hour Saturday night, under circumstances which will probably lead to his prosecution for bigamy, or at least adultery. In default of bail in the sum of $1,000 he was committed to jail.

Death of Mr. Holdship.—It is our painful duty to announce the death, at one o'clock on Monday morning, of our esteemed fellow citizen Mr. Geo. W. Holdship, of the firm of Geo. W. Holdship & Co. Mr. Holdship had been long affected with consumption and foresaw its fatal issue. He was a native of this city, a graduate of St. James College, Maryland, has been engaged in active business for several years and was distinguished for energy, integrity and probity. His death will be lamented by a large circle of endeared relatives and friends. Death had no terrors for him; his end was peaceful and full of christian confidence and hope.

Going to Philadelphia.—On Thursday evening the members of the 155th Pa. regiment will hold a meeting to arrange for attending the flag presentation demonstration in Philadelphia, on the 4th of July next. It is proposed to send a battalion, in Zouave uniform, and fully armed and equipped.

Cholera can be successfully treated by every body. If you wish to know how, attend Dr. Wilson's free lecture, at Lafayette Hall, on Wednesday evening, May 23.

Mayor's Office.—The occupants of the tombs, on Sunday night, numbered but three—all arrested for drunkenness.

OUR EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Rumored Resignation of Gen. Howard.

ANOTHER PROCLAMATION FROM THE PRESIDENT.

Bodies Interred at Seven Pines.

MORE TROOPS ORDERED TO BE MUSTERED OUT.

The Constitutional Amendments

NEW YORK, May 21.—The morning papers have the following special dispatches from Washington: A rumor is current in the city that General Howard is considering the propriety of resigning his position as head of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Lewis D. Campbell, of Ohio, the newly confirmed minister to Mexico, has arrived in the city from the West, to receive his final instructions from the Secretary of State.

The proposed appropriation of eleven or twelve millions for the use of the Freedmen's Bureau is creating some little stir among public men. It has become a question whether that item of the appropriation bill can be passed without serious curtailment.

The President is preparing a proclamation to explain that his recent peace proclamation abrogated martial law in the South, and that this one is necessary to disabuse the public mind that military interference in the coming Jefferson Davis trial will prevent an expression of a Jury.

The recent discharges of clerks in the Treasury Department are to take effect June 30th. The Department was thoroughly canvassed a short time since, and its attaches classed under three heads, Indispensable, Intermediate and Incompetent. In this latter class chiefly the slaughter has been made. There are over three hundred more to go. The object is retrenchment.

The remains of Col. Lewis V. Vanckenbush, of the Fifth Michigan Infantry, killed in the seven days, buried in front of Richmond, have been identified and forwarded to his friends in Michigan. Over two thousand bodies have been disinterred and placed in the National Cemetery at Seven Pines, twelve hundred of whom are unknown. The work still goes on.

General Grant has directed the muster-out of six more colored regiments, while seven teen thousand will be retained in the service. It is intended to send a number of them out to the far West.

Comptroller Clerk has turned over to the House Committee on Banks and Banking all the testimony and papers in reference to the Merchants' National Bank. The Committee will make a thorough expose of the whole matter, which will show up frauds that will eclipse any yet published.

The Senate now is the subject of the Senate for taking up the constitutional amendments reported by the Reconstruction Committee, and already passed by the House. It is safe to say that the proposed amendments will not pass the Senate in their present form. Especial objection will be taken to the famous third section, which asks the South to disfranchise itself until 1870; but whether it will be modified or wholly stricken out cannot be at present foretold. Very little interest is manifested by any one in the approaching debate and contest. A lethargy more alarming than high excitement is generally visible.

Bombardment of Callao.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The Panama *Star and Herald* extra, of the 13th, has the following: The U. S. flagship Vanderbilt and monitor Monadnock arrived in the harbor of Panama on the eve of the 12th inst., having sailed from Calao on the 3d inst.

We have news of the result of the bombardment of Calao, on the 2d. At noon the action commenced from the upper batteries, five being returned by the Esmeralda, Vga. Gen. Madrid and Blanca, on the northern side, and the Nowanci, Resol

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY, May 21, 1866.

Gold remains substantially as last quoted, fluctuating in New York at 130@130¾. Government bonds firm, but without quotable change—1881's, 108¾; 5-20's, 104⅜; 10-40's, 95¾; 7-30's, 102⅝; Certificates, 100¾. Bennehoff oil stock sold in New York to-day at 28; Pithole Creek, 2⅜, and United States, 7¼.

The following statement exhibits the business of the Pittsburgh Clearing House for the week closing on Saturday, May 19th:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
May 14	$310,367 58	$77,008 40
May 15	324,148 89	80,416 29
May 16	248,290 94	54,284 68
May 17	312,128 14	76,054 67
May 18	283,132 28	70,192 86
May 19	294,355 56	59,651 04
Total	$1,683,183 79	$417,611 34

The flow of gold to Europe last week was extraordinary, insomuch that the large sales the government was effecting barely counteracted the inevitable tendency to higher rates. Eight millions of dollars in gold left for Europe by the various steamers sailing last week from New York. This export movement is the first decided response to the financial troubles in London and on the continent. It is most promptly made and with entire ease to the country and the money market; to the convenience of the United States Treasury, that furnishes the gold, and to the credit of our merchants and bankers engaged in the foreign trade and exchanges, who lose the least possible time in relieving the financial pressure and exigencies incident to the threatening war on the other side of the Atlantic. The same thing was done in the summer of 1850, and if a much larger scale of export of the precious metal should be required now, the treasury of the United States has wherewith to supply the demand from its ample revenue now lying idle, in actual coin, in its vaults. The gold certainly could not be put to a more timely or creditable use, at present, than to the relief of the money markets of the old world, with which we are in daily and intimate commercial intercourse.

The next foreign advices are looked for with much interest. Should the political and financial situation be reported worse than by the Java, the probability is that further heavy shipments of gold will be made this week. On the other hand, should even a partial improvement be shown, there will be less eagerness of demand for gold, and a steadier feeling in the foreign exchanges. The prompt and very heavy remittances made last week are in view of the worst contingencies of war and financial pressure.

—The failure of the Merchants' National Bank, at Washington, having been the occasion of a fresh outburst of vituperation against the National system, one of the ablest of its opponents, the United States Treasurer, Mr. Spinner, has given public answer to several queries. During a period of suspense, which is of general interest, and calculated to allay apprehension, and we therefore print them for the benefit of our readers. He says:—"You ask to what extent the government is liable for the redemption of the notes of the National Banks. I answer: To the full nominal value of every note issued by the Comptroller of the Currency to a bank, and by the bank put into circulation. You ask: "Should the bank deposits with the United States Treasurer to secure the circulating notes with the banks depositing them be inadequate to the redemption of the notes of the bank, by reason of the decline of the securites deposited, is the government bound to redeem the notes at par?" The 47th section of the National Currency act only gives the right to forfeit all the securities held for any deficiency. The Government has a first and paramount lien upon all the assets of a defaulting bank. I therefore answer this question affirmatively. You ask: "Would the absolute failing of a National Bank impair the value of the circulating notes of the bank making such failures?" I answer no. On the contrary the notes of a national bank that has failed are rather better than those of a bank in good standing if away from the business centres of the country, for the reason that the Treasurer of the United States becomes the cashier of such defaulting bank, and will, through his assistance and all other Government officers, redeem such notes on presentation. You ask, fourth, "Are the notes of the United States Treasury, beyond the fact of their being legal-tenders, a greater security to the holders than the circulating notes of the National Banks?" The United States legal-tender notes afford no greater security to the holder than the notes of National Banks; the difference between the two is, that while the latter are only a legal-tender from, and to, the Government, the former are such legal-tenders from, and to, all parties, whether individuals, corporations or individuals." The Washington telegrams assert that Col. Paulding has been put under arrest, the evidence taken by the Military Board implicating him in a very serious extent in the improper deposit of over $600,000 in the broken bank. Another dispatch states the House committee on banking will soon report a bill prohibiting disbursing officers from depositing Government funds in National Banks situated in places where there is a United States Assistant Treasurer's office. In other places, banks which are depositaries of public funds are to give ample security to cover all deposits.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Money quiet, at 6@6 per cent. Sterling Exchange steady, at 109¾. Gold quiet, opening at 130¾ and closing at same figures. Governme nt stocks quiet.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Loans $250,809,49; decrease, $1,330,856; specie, $17,305,15; decrease, $774,257; circulation, $25,185,84; decrease, $1,000; legal tenders, $35,710,307; increase, $402,148; deposits, $207,427,729; decrease $125,124. Gold closed at 132.

STOCKS.

Stocks dull; Chicago and Rock Island, 94; Chicago and North Western, 28¾; Chicago and North Western preferred, 56; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 84½; Michigan Southern, 77¾; Reading, 107¾; Illinois Central, 120; Hudson River, 115; Erie, 75½; New York Central 93¾; Western Union Telegraph, 61½; Quicksilver, 44; North Western, 1st M, 85; U. S. Sixes of 1881 registered, 109; do Coupons, 108¾; Coupons, 1867, 108¾; Fortie Sixties registered, 96; Seven-Thirties, 1st series, 102¾; do 2d series, 102¾. The Government stock of Gold to-day will amount to about two millions.

At the 5 o'clock call the sales were as follows: New Central, 94; Erie, 75; Mariposa preferred, 22; Hudson River, 115; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 85; Chicago and North Western, 28¾; Chicago and North Western preferred, 56¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 98¾.

The *Commercial's* money article says the Stock market this morning shows the effect of the heavy gold movement of last week. The sales of the Government will call into the Treasury about $12,000,000 of currency, and the demand upon the banks for this large amount has caused some changing of loans and a slight flurry upon the money market. The banks generally continue the rate on call loans at 5 per cent., but borrowers are in some cases offering 6 for temporary use. The flow of currency from the West has abated; at Chicago, exchange on New York is selling at a discount, and at Cincinnati, the rates are much easier. From this concurrence it would seem reasonable to anticipate a partial reaction from the extreme ease in money. It has been suggested that the Secretary of the Treasury that he call in a certain amount of the certificates of indebtedness, giving notice that after a specified period the interest upon them will be discontinued. The Secretary has the option of calling in the certificates at any time within the year for which they are issued. The authorizing act reads, "which certificates shall be payable in one year from date, or earlier, at the option of the Government." We understand there is much probability that this course will be taken by Mr. McCulloch, and that the amount of certificates called in will be sufficient to return upon the market all the currency now being withdrawn through sales of gold.

Stocks were generally lower this morning, in anticipation of the ease in the money market. Erie was 1 per cent. lower; Reading, 8; Michigan Southern, 2; North Western, 2¾; and preferred do., 1½. The bulls, however, show confidence in the future, by buying freely on fifteen to thirty days' option. Offers of 5 to 10 days are put out, in anticipation of lower quotations during the temporary change in the condition of the money market. The miscellaneous list is generally weak and lower. Governments are stronger than any other class of securities, Saturday's price being sustained throughout, except on certificates. The statement of the associated banks does not show any important changes beyond a decrease of nearly two millions in loans. The returns, however, do not cover a large proportion of the checks against gold brought from the sub-treasury, so that the statement does not reflect the bulk of the gold transactions of last week.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Cotton more active and 1@2c better, at 38@40c for middling. Flour dull and 10c lower, at $8,30@8,50 for superfine; $8,90@9,35 for extra round hoop Ohio, and $9,60@10,00 for trade brands. market closing dull. Whisky dull and nominal at $2,26@2,27. Wheat, influenced by a western account, is 3@5c lower, but very quiet, at $1,50 for Chicago spring; $1,92@1,95 for old No. 1 Milwaukee, $2,50 for prime new Amber Michigan, and $2,05 refused for new No. 1 Milwaukee. Corn active and 1c better, at 79@82c for new western mixed afloat; 82@83½c for old do in store and delivered, 85c for new yellow western—delivered for round yellow—and 75@78c for damaged. Oats 1c lower, at 59@55c for new western, and 60@61c for old do. Petroleum dull, at 30½@27c for crude, and 41@42c for refined in bond. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar more steady, at 10¾@11c for Cube, and 10¾@12¾c for Porto Rico. Pork opened firmer, but closed heavy and lower at $20,25@21,00 for new mess, closing at $20,25 cash, $20,00@20,50 for old do, and $24,25@24,50 for prime —also 6,250 bbls new mess, for May, June, July and August, sellers' and buyers' option, at $20,50@20,87½. Beef steady with a fair demand, at $16,50@21,00 for new plain mess, $21,50@22,50 for new extra mess. Beef Hams steady and firm at $27,00@28,00. Cut Meats unchanged. Lard quiet and lower at 19@22c. Bacon quiet and firmer.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—Petroleum unchanged. Flour dull with a declining tendency. Wheat dull at $2,00@2,00. Corn firm; Yellow, 81c, and 85c for White at 82c. Cotton firm at 38@38c, for Middling. Flax Seed wanted at $3. Whisky dull; Pennsylvania, $2,34@2,35; Ohio, $2,27.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } MONDAY, May 21, 1866. }

The week does not open very auspiciously for commercial operations, if to-day's transactions can be taken as a fair criterion. There is an almost total absence of the buoyancy and excitement which prevailed some few days since, but notwithstanding the speculative feeling has almost completely subsided, there is but comparatively little change in values.

GRAIN—We can report sales of 500 bushels Minnesota Club Wheat at $2,27½. Oats dull but unchanged; sale of 500 bush No. 1 Chicago at 51; 1 car prime Indiana—in elevator—at 57, seller to sack them; and 200 bush prime from store at 60. Corn is in better supply, and a shade easier. Rye is still held firmly at $1 No movement in Barley.

FLOUR—Is less active, and in pretty good supply, and some dealers, in order to effect sales, are making slight concessions. We continue to quote good to choice brands of spring Wheat $10,50 to $11,50, and Winter at best do at $12@13. Sale of 10 bbls low grade spring at $9,75.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet but steady, with a continued fair jobbing demand at 14½ for Shoulders; 17 for Ribbed Sides; 21½ for Plain Sugar Cured Hams, and 23 for Canvassed ditto. Lard is a little dull; sales at 22½@23 for packages, and 20@21 for country. Mess Pork—no change.

POTATOES—Coming in pretty freely, and while the market is a shade easier, prices remain unchanged. Sales in a regular way from store at $1,40 to $1,50 per bushel, and $3,75@4 per bbl, as to quality. Sale of 1 car, on track, at $1,37½.

MILL FEED—Sale of 1 car Middlings—not strictly prime—at $1,70@1,75.

CHEESE—Is dull and unchanged. Small sales of Western Reserve at 17@18, and Goshen at 20.

BUTTER—There is no improvement to note in the demand for this article, and the market is dull, and prices are nominal at 20 to 25, for common to prime.

DRIED FRUIT—Old crop Apples are selling at 14@15, and new, of which there are very few in market, may be quoted at 17@18. Peaches, selling at 18@19, for quarters, and 24@25 for halves.

SEEDS—There is an active demand for Flax Seed at $2,65, and very little arriving. No movement in Clover or Timothy Seeds.

SORGHUM—Is dull at 55 to 60.

HAY—There is not much inquiry for Baled Hay, and but little in market. Loose Hay sold at the scales to-day at $20 to $25 per ton, as to quality.

BRAN—Dull, with occasional small sales at $1,50 to $1,75 per bush.

OIL—Sales of No. 1 Lard at $1,85.

PIG LEAD—Last sales at 11c.

SALT—Is selling at $2,40 on track.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } MONDAY, May 21, 1866. }

CRUDE—The transactions in Crude were again remarkably light to-day, reaching in the aggregate, about thirteen hundred barrels, and the market is quiet and dull, notwithstanding there is but comparatively little offering, and the supply and receipts are light. Quotations may be fairly given at 14, bbls returned and in bulk, and 19, bbls included—though some holders are asking 14½ and 20¾. Sale of 780, in bulk, at 14; 200 and 100 at 14, and 100 at 14¼. There is some little inquiry for shipment, but refiners are still holding off, waiting for a still further decline in Crude, or an advance in Refined. We have no advices from the wells to-day, but from what we can learn, purchases for this market are light.

REFINED—There was some little inquiry for bonded oil to day, but as buyers and sellers are apart in their views and feelings, we have but few transactions to record. We are signed no quotations having been made locally or Philadelphia delivery at 41½ for May and 42 for June—sale of 50 bbls for September at 46, buyers option; and 500, same delivery and option, at 46¾. No sales reported for Pittsburgh delivery, and we quote nominally at 35 for May, and 36@37 for June and July. No movement in free oil.

ARRIVALS.—The arrivals of oil by the Allegheny River since our last report were as follows:

Jas. Wilkins	300	Fisher & Bro	315
W. P. Logan	44	G. Christein	240
Baxter & Ellison	93	W. Haldeman	315
Total			1316

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, May 19.—There is a continued active demand for this staple at steady prices, and weekly sales again foot up a large aggregate. Manufacturers are generally in the market for supplies a little ahead of immediate wants, and, from present appearances, are determined to fortify themselves against any contingency touching the movements of the new clip. They are disposed to operate freely, but there is no excitement nor upward tendency in the market, as it is well understood that present prices, however low as compared with those of the last few years, are fully as high as the condition and prospects of the goods market will warrant.

Sales of domestic for the week foot up some 2,500 lbs, at about the previous range of 45@75c for fleece, and 35@72½c for the various grades of pulled. Included are lots of Western fleece at 45@50c; Indiana and Michigan at 50@55c; New Hampshire and Maine at 55@58c; Ohio at 55@62½c for medium and fine, do Pennsylvania and Virginia at 60@65c, and considerable lots of choice, double extra and picklock do do at 65@70c; medium pulled at 40@60 lbs at 70@75c. In Texas; sales 10,000 lbs at 20@25c. In California, sales 30,000 lbs at 21@25c per lb. In Oregon sales 6000 lbs at 25c per lb. In Canada, sales 7000 lbs unwashed fleece at 30@35c, and 1000 lbs do at 45c per lb. In foreign the sales have moderate, but at very full prices owing to the advance in gold.

New York Seed Market.

NEW YORK, May 19—Clover remains quiet, and may be quoted 9¼@9¾ cents for Western, and 10@10½c for State. For timothy, there is no demand—nominal range 6@6,25. The receipts of flax are small, and the business is consequently light at $2,75@2,80. In canary, there has been more business than before in a long time, the accounts from Europe advising higher prices and light stocks; we notice sales of 100 bags Smyrna at $4—now held at $4,25; of 4,50@6,300 do Dutch, and 114 bbls and 65 bags sicily and Smyrna, on private terms. Linseed continues to advance, with further sales of 675 bags and 3000 pockets Calcutta for arrival here per "Armada" at $2,80 (now refused for more to arrive) 500 do Bombay, also to arrive, $2,90; and 6000 to arrive at Boston $2,70@2,75 gold.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The market is strong with indications of an advance. Brown Sheetings—Amoskeag, A 21; B 20; Appleton, A 20; C 17; D 19; E 15; Atlantic, A 21½; D 19; E 19; G 16; H 21; N 18; Fine Brown Massachusetts, B 18; Fine 20; Pacific, A 21; B 20; Pepperell Fine 23; do. R 21; O 19; N 19. Sheeting and Shirting Bleached—Bartletts, 28; do. 24, do. 21; Bates N X 35; do, B 30, do. 25, Jamestown, 13½; do. 12½; Jamestown, 22; New York Mills, 42½; Palace Mills, 25; Palermo, 18; Palmer River, 22½; Pepperel, 47½; do. 42½; do. 95; do. 30; do. 27; T 115; do@115, Pilot, 13; Pocasset, 13; Dennis—Arlington, 42½; Farmers, 29; Haymaker, 37; do. Brown, 40. Manchester, 32½; York, 30.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 21.—Flour active at $8,75@$10 for good to choice Spring extra. Wheat active, advancing 4c; sales at $1,58@1,60, closing at $1,60½ for No. 1, and $1,02@1,10 for No. 2, according to location. Corn active and advanced 1@1½c; sales at 51½@51¾c for No. 1, and 47@47½c for No. 2. Oats firm and advanced 1@1½c; sales at 32@32½c. Highwines 22c. Provisions active; mess pork $20.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, May 21.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull, held above the views of buyers; sales only of car lots. Corn, No. 1, at 44c. Mixed, at 41@42. Barley and Rye quiet and nominal. Pork, at car lots. Corn, No. 1, at 44c. Mixed, at 41@42. Barley and Rye quiet and nominal. Pork, at $20,50. Lard, 22@c. Whisky nominal. Canal freights dull to New York; Wheat, 13; Corn, 11; Oats 7¼@7½. Canal Exports—Wheat, 46,040; Corn, 31,311; Oats, 25,620; Barley, 9,072. Receipts by lake—Flour, 10,294; Wheat, 45,504; Corn, 35,573; Oats, 17,963; Rye, 16,790.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, May 21.—Cotton firm, at 34c. Flour dull; the market favors buyers; Spring Extra, $7,25; Fall Extra, $8,30@8,50; Double Extra, $9,25@11,50. Wheat unsettled and lower, at $1,40@1,70 for Spring; $1,77@1,80 for Extra Choice; $2,20@2,40 for Fair Good Fall; $2,50 for Prime, and $2,65@2,75 for Choice. Corn declining, at 66@67c. Oats heavy, at 34@35c. Pork droopy, at $21,00. Lard nominally unchanged. Whisky quiet, at $2,19.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. May 21—202 pigs lead, Richards, Hartley & co; 19 pigs hams, F Newlin & co; 596 pigs lead, Bakewell & co; 11 bxs cheese, H Riddle; 4 cars metal Bryan & Caughey; 1 keg butter, Voigt & co; 1 car metal J Wood & Son; 3 half bbls butter, J Goblanz; 10 bxs candles, S Ewart & co; 2 kegs butter, 2 do lard, Blair & Woods; 6 bbls eggs, H Lens; 1 car metal, Nimick & co; 2 bbls vinegar, Kirkpatrick & Bro; 3 cars scrap iron, Mullins; 1 car staves, J O'Callahan; 1 car corn, A J Hagan; 100 bbls flour, W Linhart; 100 do do. J & W Fairley; 100 do do, Kiel & Ritchart; 100 do do, D Wallace; 200 do do, T C Jenkins; 2 pkgs lard, 2 do lard, 2 do eggs, Little, Baird & Patton; 100 bbls flour, Seghinyer, & Voskamp; 100 do potatoes 135 sks corn, R Rea Jr; 80 bbls flour, Shoemaker & Lang; 1 bbl molasses, Atwell, Lee & co; 12 sks rags, Pitts Paper Co.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.—May 21—397 sks potatoes, J K Caldwell; 3 cars metal, Nimick & co; 230 bbls flour, Knox & Mc-Kee; 140 bags potatoes, T C Jenkins; 120 do do, W D Patterson; 720 bbls do, Voigt & co; 120 do do, C Bailey; 113 sks do, S B Floyd; 2 cars barley, J Rhodes; 1 car lumber, Kelly & co; 190 pigs lead, T H Nevin; 100 hides, Watt & Wilson; 5 tcs beef, J P Hanna; 10 bbls bungs, Lucesco Oil Co; 1 hhd tobacco, A Schantz; 50 bbls flour, C B Leech; 50 do do, Newcomer, Goe & co; 50 do do, Kirkpatrick & Herron; 50 do do, Wm Gormley; 1 pkg bar, 1 bbl flaxseed, Cook, Bro & co; 2 pkgs soap, H Ridle; 7 sacks scraps, Wm Flaccus; 11 bxs cheese, L H Voigt & co; 4 tubs butter, 1 bx bacon, T C Jenkins; 35 bbls oil, R Pritchard; 132 bbls oil, J M Lippincott.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI R. R. May 21—2 cars corn, Hitchcock, McCreery & co 2 do do, Russell, Sweeney & co; 5 bbls eggs, M W Hankin; 2 cars millfeed, R & Ritchart; 100 bbls flour, E H Myers; 200 do do, Shomaker & Lang; 3 cars barley, S Harbaugh & co; 1 car corn, J & W Fairley; 2 do do, W J Meek; 1 car staves, J Meyers; 18 sks do, 3 do rags, T Newlin & Son; 2 sks wool, W J Barker; 1 bbl syrup, Seibert & Morgan.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 21—1 car staves C Lutz; 1 car potatoes, Mercer & Robinson; 100 bbls flour, R Knox & Son; 7 cars wheat, R T Kennedy & Bro; 22 bgs wheat, J Craig; 4 sacks feed, Ewer & Hamilton; 1 bbl butter, H A Carson; 4 cars wheat, Noble & Anger; 38 hides, 1 bbl tallow, E Merrtinan; 13 doz brooms, Geo Hager; 4 do do, Phillips & Jacobs.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI—PER LEONORA.—393 bbls potatoes, 4 bbls peaches, 6 pkgs beef, Graff & Reiter; 156 bales cotton, Clark & co; 5 tcs hams, S Ewart & co; 16 bbls marble dust, J C Buffum; 160 oil bbls, A D Miller; 15 kgs tobacco, Little, Baird & Patton; 300 oil bbls, Caldwell & Bro; 27 bales cotton, Childs & co; 18 do do, Holmes, Bell & co; 25 tcs hops, H P Parker; 160 oil bbls Jas Bennev Jr; 50 bbls tallow oil, 7 sellers; 60 bbls flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 10 cases mustard, C Merbitz; lot sundries, Mellon & Bro.

RIVER NEWS.

The river was apparently about at a stand yesterday with three feet two or three inches in the channel by the marks last evening. The weather yesterday was cool and stormy, with several light showers of rain. Rains appear to have fallen in almost every direction, and we will probably have some here before long.

The Leonora No. 2, from Cincinnati, is the only arrival from below. She had a very fair trip, including a considerable amount of cotton, and came up over "Glass House" on Sunday evening, drawing three and a half feet.

The Importer, from "Blannerhassett" was due here last night, and the Lorena, from St. Louis, ought to reach here to-day. The last named boat, we understand, had one hundred tons of metal to put off at Wheeling, which will lighten her up considerably. The tow boat Ida Rees, went down to receive the Importer of some of her freight.

The Uriba left for Parkersburg yesterday in place of the Bayard, the latter boat being compelled to tie up in consequence of low water. The Ben Leon is the Parkersburg packet for to-day, and the Forest City will, it is said, be ready to leave to-morrow.

Our down river exchanges it seems were in error in regard to the amount of money drawn from the Kentucky State Lottery, by James Davis engineer of the Leonora No. 2, now lying at our landing. The prize was $5,000 instead of $15,000, making a difference of $14,000. It is stated that last year, Mr. Davis was recipient of $1200 from a similar source—lucky fellow.

The Nora, Capt. H. H. Devinney, is filling up rapidly for Cincinnati and Louisville, and will be ready to take her departure this evening. Mr Blackstock still retains charge of the office.

The Argonaut is receiving freight for St. Louis, and the Glasgow for St. Paul—both to leave when there is more water.

The Bayard, in command of Capt. M. A. Cox will leave for Brownsville and Geneva this evening at 5 o'clock. Captain Cox, as well as his clerk, Mr. John R. Moorhouse, are both experienced and courteous officers, and the boat has excellent accommodations for passengers.

The new and pretty Chieftain, Capt. Abrams will also leave for the same points, and at the same time. This boat is from new having made but three trips, and was built expressly for the trade. Capt. R. C. Mason has charge of the office.

The Camelia left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Saturday last, and the Kate Robinson, Emma No. 3 and Yorktown, from St. Louis en route for Pittsburgh, were due there the same day.

The Ida Rees arrived last evening with a large quantity of flour, which she took off the Importer, below Parkersburg. The latter boat had got as far up as Glass House yesterday afternoon, and will doubtless be found in port this morning.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 21.—Flour nominal. Wheat 10c higher. Whisky unchanged. Mess pork dull, at $20,50. Lard dull, at 21½c. Gold 130.

STEAMBOATS.

PEOPLES' LINE OF STEAMERS,

(INCORPORATED.)

Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville and Geneva.

This Company will run a daily boat between the above points, comprised of the fine and splendid side-wheel steamers CHIEFTAIN, R. R. ABRAMS commander, and ELECTOR, ROBERT PHILLIPS, commander. The Elector is now being completed and will take her place in the line in a few days.

The Chieftain will leave Pittsburgh for all points on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS at 5 P. M. Returning, leaves Geneva for Pittsburgh on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 9 A. M. and Brownsville at 4 P. M.

The Company will have a first-class Wharf Boat at Monongahela City and Pittsburgh. Freight received at all hours. No charge for commission on forwarding.

This line will not run boats on the Sabbath.

Our new Wharf Boat will be located on the point at Liberty street. my16 3md

1866. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1866.

MONONGAHELA RIVER;

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva,

UNION LINE,

PACKET COMP'Y.

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Long Run, Greensboro, Geneva and the Dunkard and Hughes. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE.....CAPT. M. ABRAMS.
TELEGRAPH.....CAPT. D. BUCHER.
FRANKLIN.....CAPT. Z. W. CADMAC.
GALLATIN.....CAPT. J. LITTLE.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., and 5 p. m. except Sunday, when the departure will be at 8 a. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 5 p. m. Brownsville daily at 8 a. m.

Returning—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., and 5 p. m.

Leaves Monongahela and Geneva at 12 o'clock, Rice's Landing at 2 p. m.

Leaves Monongahela City at 5 o'clock.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hours advertised.

Freights Received at all Hours.

For further particulars, enquire of
WILLIAM M'ELROY, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant st., Pittsburgh.
L. COLLINS, Agent,
Brownsville, Pa.

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The new and elegant Passenger steamer
Capt. H. H. DEVENNEY,
Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports TODAY at 5 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN KEAN, Agent.
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CAIRO, ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL.—The new steamer
LEONIDAS.....Capt. M. A. COX.
Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THIS DAY at 5 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

REGULAR PACKET FOR CHEVELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.—The fine steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. C. R. STELL, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports every TUESDAY, at 4 p. m. Returning, leaves Zanesville every FRIDAY, at 7 a.m. J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

SHIRTS, COLLARS, &c.

TO GENTLEMEN.

At the latest GOLD RATES now in stock at our

GREAT SHIRT AND COLLAR DEPOT,

No. 72 Fifth Street,

A splendid line of

SPRING AND SUMMER UNDERWEAR,

COMPRISING

GAUZE COTTON SHIRTS,
GAUZE MERINO SHIRTS,
LISLE THREAD SHIRTS,
SUMMER SILK SHIRTS,
MUSLIN DRAWERS,
FINE JEAN DRAWERS,
LINEN DRAWERS.

ALSO,

FINE WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
FANCY FRENCH FLANN SHIRTS,
LISLE, SILK AND KID GLOVES,
LINEN AND SILK HDKFS.
ENGLISH AND FRENCH HOSIERY,
Late Novelties in TIES,

Together with the most complete line of

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods

IN THE WEST. As our business is exclusively GENTS' FURNISHING, we rarely fail to please in that line. Remember our number,

72 Fifth Street,

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

my22:2awim W&S MURDOCK & PUTNAM.

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE OPENING AND WIDENING OF BEDFORD STREET, from Fulton street to Erin street, in the City of Pittsburgh.

All persons interested are hereby notified that the Report of Viewers in the above mentioned street has been handed to me for confirmation of assessments. If said assessments are not paid within THIRTY DAYS from this date, liens will be filed therefor against the properties assessed, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Solicitor.
my19:s74 No. 106 Fifth Street.

IN THE MATTER OF THE OPENING OF SHINGISS STREET, from Watson street to Pennsylvania avenue, in the City of Pittsburgh.

All persons interested are hereby notified that the Report of Viewers in the above mentioned street, has this day been filed in my office for confirmation of assessments. If said assessments are not paid within THIRTY DAYS from this date, liens will be filed therefor against the properties assessed, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Solicitor.
my19:s74 No. 106 Fifth Street.

$2,200 WILL PURCHASE A TWO STORY.

BRICK DWELLING

And LOT 24 by 80, on Chartiers street, Allegheny City. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, No. 164 Fourth street. my15:s22

CONSIGNMENTS RECEIVED AND FOR SALE.—4 car loads Potatoes, sacks and bbls
50 boxes Messina Oranges,
20 do do Lemons;
100 Cocoa Nuts;
100 Pine Apples;
50 bbls White Beans;
50 dozen assorted Canned Fruit;
Sorghum, Butter, Lard, &c.
W. J. STEEL & CO.,
No. 138 Third Street.
mh22:tf

CONSIGNMENTS.

250 boxes Oranges;
150 " Lemons;
2,000 bushels Pure Blow Potatoes;
30 barrels pure Cider Vinegar;
25 " Sorghum Molasses;
20 boxes Goshen Cheese;
20 " Hamburg Cheese.

Received and for sale on commission by
JOHN K. KNOX & SON,
apl7 No. 79 Diamond, Allegheny.

SUMMER HOSIERY & GLOVES.

Call and examine our assortment and prices.

JAMES PHELAN,
my19 Old Stand Stocking Store, 24 Fifth street.

CHIMNEY TOPS—100 assorted for sale by (my4) HENRY H. COLLINS.

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters,

BALMORALS,

Slippers, &c.,

AT

McCLELLAND'S

AUCTION EMPORIUM

Nos. 55 and 57

Fifth Street,

PRIVATE SALES DAY AND EVENING. ap24

MEN'S FINE FRENCH CALF.

Hand Sewed.

CUSTOM MADE BOOTS,

FOR $8,00,

AT

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,

61 Market Street.

Every Pair Warranted.

my19

A LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL OF

SUMMER BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS;

and Balmorals,

Just received, and will be sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, either Wholesale or Retail.

GIVE US A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,

No. 98 Market street, 2d door from 5th st.

my19

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES ROBB,

No. 89 Market Street, near 5th

Second large purchase of BOOTS AND SHOES this Spring. We keep on hand a full assortment of every variety of Boots and Shoes, selected with the utmost care for this market. We invite special attention to our stock, as we believe it to be the best in the city, which we will sell at the lowest prices. Please call at No. 89 Market street. Having had over thirty years experience in the business, you cannot be suited. Remember the place, No. 89 Market street. (ap16) JAMES ROBB.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

No. 24 St. Clair Street.

A large and well selected stock of LADIES', GENTS and CHILDRENS' GAITERS, BALMORALS, etc., which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and see. JOHN NOON & SON.

GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS AND CONGRESS GAITERS at
my19 J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.'S, 83 Market st.

LADIES' FINE BALMORAL AND CONGRESS GAITERS at
my19 J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.'S, 83 Market st.

LADIES' FINE KID BOOTS at
J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.'S, 83 Market st.

LADIES' FINE KID SLIPPERS at
J. W. CABNAHAN & CO.'S, 83 Market st.

MANUFACTURERS.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE...JAMES NELSON...HUNTER ORR.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

FOUNDERS, ENGINE BUILDERS AND MACHINISTS; Manufacturers of STEAMBOAT ENGINES, viz: WELL ENGINES, LOCOMOTIVES (for Cane Mills), all kinds of Land and Marine ENGINES, made to order.

From the well known reputation of the Manager, Mr. JAMES NELSON, we hope to secure a liberal share of patronage from Steamboat builders and others wanting good machinery. All will be done to do all work in the best manner for a fair compensation, and to do it in the time we say. All kinds of CASTINGS made to order. Repairing of Machinery promptly attended to. We can turn a Shaft 25 feet long, and bore or turn a Pulley 20 feet diameter.

Shop on Duquesne Way, between the Point Foundry on Third street, near Market, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap10:6md

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.

MODES, RYRIE & CO.,

Manufacturers of BLACK and GREEN GLASS-WARE, Soda Water Bottles, Demijohns, Coalboys, &c. Warehouse—No. 144 WATER STREET, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

We warrant our Wares to be superior to any manufactured west of the Mountains, always on hand. Also a variety of above description. Orders promptly attended to, Particular attention paid to private moulds.

S. SEERANCE, No. 58 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WROUGHT SPIKES, common and railroad of every description.

Particular attention to shaped Spikes and Rivets, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand.

COLLINS & WRIGHT, Brittania, Brass and Sheet Metal Workers, Brittania Castors, Carbon and Lard Oil Burners, and all different styles of Britannia by Glass Manufacturers. Orders promptly filled. No. 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Penna. oct2:tf

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

SPRING OF 1866.

HEMAPANKA,

(BLOOD CURE.)

This article is expressly designed to purify and restore the blood to a healthy condition, by which SCROFULA and all Diseases of the Skin are effectually removed from the system. Sold in bottles at 50 cents and $1 each, by

SIMON JOHNSTON,

ap7 Corner Smithfield and Fourth Streets.

GEORGE A. KELLY,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 37 Wood Street,

OPPOSITE THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

DEALER IN

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, PERFUMERY,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS, &c

The Retail business will be continued as usual at No. 63 Federal street, and corner of Ohio and Federal streets, Allegheny. my2-1yd

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

Pittsburgh White Lead Works,

PURE WHITE LEAD,

BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTIN OIL BARRELS,

No. 68 Wood Street.

sc5:y

10 CASKS POTASH, prime, just received and for sale by
GEORGE A. KELLY,
my1 Wholesale Druggist, 37 Wood street.

10 BBLS. PUTTY, in Bladders, just received and for sale by
GEORGE A. KELLY,
my1 Wholesale Druggist, 37 Wood street.

20 TONS WHITE LEAD, in Oil, just received and for sale by
GEORGE A. KELLY,
my1 Wholesale Druggist, 37 Wood street.

15 BBLS. FLAXSEED OIL rec'd and for sale by
GEORGE A. KELLY,
my1 Wholesale Druggist, 37 Wood street.

STOVES, GRATES, &c.

TO HOUSE BUILDERS AND *HOUSE KEEPERS.*

STOVES, GRATES AND RANGES.

We respectfully invite the attention of the public to our extensive variety of COOKING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

Having recently increased our facilities for man